The Columbian.

[COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

O. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1883.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XVII, NO 15
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVII, NO 6

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M	2M	3M	6	1Y
One inch	$4.00	$ 5 50	$8.00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	5 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	20 00
Quarter column	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00	35 00
Half column	13 00	14 00	17 00	35 00	50 00
One column	20 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar a year for each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the right. Corner of Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Ext's Building. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over 1st National Bank.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

C. W MILLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

GUY JACOBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG,
Office in H. J. Clark's building, second floor, first door to the left.
Oct. 8, '80.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office in Maize's building, over Billmeyer's grocery.
May 20, '81.

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

RHAWN & ROBINS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

WM. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Orangeville, Pa.
Office in Low's Building, second floor, second door to the left.
Can be consulted in German. aug 18 '82

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick, Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞Office with the Berwick Independent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4&5

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law Office, Brockway's Building 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-1 f

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building. June 24 '81

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. July 16, '80-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. ☞100-page pamphlet, 25 cents. Apr. 13 '82.

SUBSCRIBE FOR
THE COLUMBIAN.
$1.50 A YEAR.

L. A. SHATTUCK, M. D.
Medical Superintendent of the Sanitarium.
Invalid's Home,
Bloomsburg, Pa.,
Devotes special attention to Chronic Maladies including Epilepsy, Nervous Affections, Diseases of Women, and to
Cancer,
in all its varied forms.
Patients received at the Sanitarium on reasonable terms for board and treatment.

BLOOMSBURG PLANING MILL
—:o:—
The undersigned having put his Planing Mill on Railroad street, in first-class condition, is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.
FRAMES, SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, MOULDINGS,
FLOORING, Etc.
furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.
ESTIMATES FOR BUILDINGS
furnished on application. Plans and specifications prepared by an experienced draughtsman.
CHARLES KRUG,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

PLUMBING,
GAS FITTING,
STOVES AND TINWARE.
—:o:—
E. B. BROWER
Has purchased the Stock and Business of I. Hagenbuch, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line. Plumbing and Gas Fitting a specialty. Tinware, Stoves,
RANGES AND HEATERS,
in a great variety. All work done by
EXPERIENCED HANDS.
Main Street corner of East.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PAINTING
AND
PAPER HANGING.
WM. F. BODINE,
IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA. is prepared to do all kinds of
HOUSE PAINTING
Plain and Ornamental
PAPER HANGING,
BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.
All kinds of Furniture Repaired and made as good as new.
NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED.
Estimates Made on all Work.
WM. F. BODINE.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.
—:o:—
A. J. EVANS,
The uptown Clothier, has just received a fine line of New Goods, and is prepared to make up
FALL AND WINTER SUITS
For Men and Boys in the neatest manner and Latest Styles.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c.,
Always on hand. Call and Examine. EVANS BLOCK Corner Main and Iron Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 25-1y

B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST,
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large stock of Tinware, Cook stoves, Room Stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for cast stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail such as Fire Brick, Grates, Lids, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt,
——BONE MANURE, &c.——
feb 3 t-f

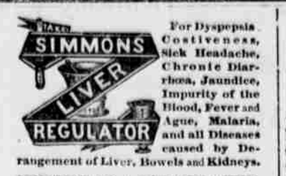
FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,078,224
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,717
Phœnix, of London	5,266,372
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,373,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,585

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 28, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN P. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN P. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of New York.
Office on Market Street, No. 5, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 79-1y



For Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all Malaria, Bilious attacks, Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage.

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or sleepless at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For, whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe purgative, alterative and tonic can never be out of place. The remedy is harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE,
And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony.

Simmons Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.
J. GILL SHORTER, Governor of Ala.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: Have derived some benefit from the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial.

"The only Thing that never fails to Relieve."—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.
P. M. JASNEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

Dr. T. W. Mason says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

☞Take only the Genuine, which always has on the Wrapper the red Z Trade-Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

August, 82 1y

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
Is a Positive Cure
For all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.
A Medicine for Women. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.
The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.
It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.
☞Physicians Use it and Prescribe it Freely.☜
It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.
For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, and give tone and strength to the system, of man woman or child. Insist on having it.
Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3ct. stamp. Send for pamphlet.
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness, and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.
☞Sold by all Druggists.☜ (1)

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!

DR. J. B. MARCHISI,
UTICA, N. Y.
DISCOVERER OF DR. MARCHISI'S
CATHOLICON,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.
This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.
Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hœmorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Barrenness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above. For sale by all druggists. New size $1 per bottle, Old size $1.50. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.
Moyer Bros., Wholesale Agents, Bloomsburg Pa
June 23-1y.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
☞If you have either of these troubles PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell
KIDNEY-WORT
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA.
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, SUGAR SODA, &c., &c.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets.
☞Orders will receive promptattention

SELECT STORY.

THE DOCTOR'S PATIENT.

Doctor Miller, poor but talented, had worked so hard all summer, that now, late in August, one of the doctors in the hospital had insisted on his going to the sea side for a few days to recuperate; and Miller, although ill able to afford it, had felt the necessity of it, and had gone.

During his twenty-four hours away he had a patient at the same hotel.

It was the companion of the rich, fashionable Mrs. Chamberlyn.

'Providential,' he said to himself, sitting there vaguely listening to the deep toned music of the sea. 'I can remain here a little longer if I am paid for my service here.'

It was two o'clock before he left the sick girl, with the oppression almost gone from her chest and her pulse quieted down.

She was able to thank him with a very sweet smile when he left her for the night.

After breakfast he returned to No. 29.

The elder lady received him graciously, introducing herself.

'The young lady, Miss Howell, whose life I believe you have saved is a companion to me, but I am almost as much attached to her as if she were a relative. I shall pay her bill, of course, and wish you to continue to attend upon her as long as there is the slightest need of your services, doctor.'

The smile of gratitude with which the patient welcomed her physician thrilled him as no smile had ever before thrilled him.

There was fever, of course, for her illness had been brought about by staying too long bathing on the beach; and it must take some days and great care to recover from so sudden and severe an attack; but present danger was over, the young doctor assured them.

Mrs Chamberlyn learned that he was from the city; she knew two or three of the great physicians and would talk about them; she took the liberty of asking two or three questions about himself, and was polite enough to say she thought that there was no place like the city for a medical man of talent.

In fact, this rich old lady had taken a fancy to the handsome young doctor, and was pleased to show her interest in him.

It even came into her scheming head that here was a good match for her favorite, Roma Howell.

What a romantic thing it would be to bring about a marriage between these two!

Roma was accomplished, sang finely, played, read beautifully, would make a delightful wife.

It was true they were both poor, but Roma could be a help to him, could give lessons, and so add to their income.

Mrs. Chamberlyn became so enthusiastic that she resolved to make the pair a wedding present of a house, if they would only do as she wished and fall in love with each other.

Well, it all came about as she wished.

Dr. Miller who had come for a week, remained three.

What did it matter so long as his fees paid his expenses?

Yet, as he admitted to his conscience, Miss Roma Howell was no longer ill, he could no longer accept pay for the visits which had changed into hours of keenest happiness.

He would not leave the hotel so long as she remained.

She might be careless and expose herself to a second attack.

Most of the visitors had departed; it was September. He ought to go; what was to be done?

'What a miserable thing it is to be poor!'

He was taking Roma Howell out for her first walk on the beach.

As he spoke he sat down on the warm sand the camp stool he was carrying and placed her on it.

'Why?' she asked, looking up with those laughing, lovely eyes, 'I have never been so very miserable.'

'Perhaps you are willing always to be poor, then?' he said, with a gaze so intense that, although she tried bravely to face it, the silken fringes would sink lower. 'The girl who marries me will have many hardships to encounter. Dare you be that girl?'

She sat silent for a moment, while he stood by her side, the image of despair.

He had not meant to be betrayed into such a question for a long time yet, but his passion had played him a sudden trick, and the question was asked.

'I could dare the very worst of poverty if I were certain you loved me,' she answered him at length.

'Love you Roma? You may know how I love when you see how you have made me break my good resolutions. I had planned for years of work and struggle before I could hope to ask for anything so sweet as a wife's love; but you, with your bewildering eyes, your tempting lips, and your glorious soul—Oh, Roma! to have a friend, companion, a sweet partner such as you would be, dearest, I would be having my heaven as I went along.'

As he bent to look into her drooping face a rude hand came down on her shoulder like a blow—a voice, frightful with the ring of a dozen evil passions, said:—

'I have found you Mrs. Chase, at last. Just as I expected to find you. Are you aware, sir, that you are making love to another man's wife?'

'Another man's wife!' repeated Dr. Miller; and he reeled as if the insolent stranger had struck him in the face, while Roma, with a faint cry, sank down insensible at his feet.

* * * * * * *

It was the evening following the afternoon of that scene on the beach.

Dr. Miller had sought Mrs. Chamberlyn, who was talking on, trying to exonerate herself.

'Of course I had not the least idea that she was a married woman. She came to me last February in reply to my advertisement for a companion; her references were of the best, and I had no reason to suspect her of being an adventuress. She is not the wrong-doer, whoever else may be.'

'But the deceit, Mrs. Chamberlyn? Surely, she is responsible for that. What is it to her now that she has ruined a man's life?'

'Have I ruined your life?' asked a clear, silver-sweet voice that made him turn and stare at the beautiful girl who had stolen to his side.

He was about to speak, but she motioned him to remain silent.

'Listen to me. The man that interrupted us I confess I once thought I loved. I was only a school-girl, sixteen years old, when he laid his plans to entangle my affections.

'I became engaged to him secretly. He wished me to marry him secretly, but that I refused.

'He was obliged to ask my parents for me. He moved in high society, but he was known to have bad habits and to be a gambler, and this they explained to me desiring me to break off my engagement.

'I would believe nothing against Fred Chase; so that after months of opposition they yielded, and began preparations for our marriage to prevent my being tempted to run away.

Everything was ready; the day of the wedding had arrived; I was actually already dressed for the ceremony, when I chanced to overhear Fred—who supposed himself alone with one of my friends, a bridesmaid, in a curtained recess of the music-room—swearing to her that he had never loved any one but her, would always love her, and was only going to marry me because his great gambling debts compelled him to choose the girl with the most money.

'My shame, my distress, my horror, were overwhelming. My only thought was to escape from one I had so nearly bound myself to.

'I used as little discretion in the way I took as I had before. Going to my room I hastily exchanged my bridal robes for a traveling dress, and left the house while the guests were assembling to see me married. I was afraid if I remained he might find some means of compelling me to keep my promise.

'My love for him had changed to scorn and dislike. I went to the house of a former servant that night; the next day I went to the city, and there I answered Mrs. Chamberlyn's advertisement. In a few weeks I wrote to my mother what I was doing, begging her to allow me to remain for a year. Mamma has known and approved of all my movements since. She has even been written to about you Dr. Miller.'

'You see,' here for the first time the sweet story-teller smiled. 'I had learned to distrust the world—had come to the wise resolve that, if I ever again were won, I would make sure of a disinterested lover. And she glanced up at the tall doctor with a gleam of mischief in her beautiful eyes.

'But he called you his wife,' stammered he.

'That is just like his impertinence. He wanted to frighten you away. He hoped he could work upon my girlish fancy and still win the heiress whose fortunes he courted.'

The heiress?'

'Why, yes, certainly! I am wealthy. You thought me poor. It is my only chance to marry a man who loves me for myself alone, and I'm not disposed to give it up.'

Is it necessary to add that she was not compelled to give it up?

If a man loves a bewitching woman he is not going to resign her because she happens to be rich.

Doubtless it was a heavy trial for the young doctor to marry so much money; but he soon resigned himself, and Mrs. Chamberlyn enjoyed herself greatly at the wedding.

Buchanan's Biography.

A BOOK THAT WILL COMMAND ATTENTION

Harper & Brothers have in press and announce for publication very soon a biography of James Buchanan, by George Ticknor Curtis. That such a biography will be of the highest interest and value it is not necessary to say. The true history of Mr. Buchanan's administration has up to the present time been a profound secret. For while an immense deal has been written about it, no writer has had any documentary authority for his estimate of the motives, intentions and prevailing counsels of the president and cabinet in the trying times which preceded the war. From the later history of such men as Cass, Dix, Stanton, Holt and others, it has been generally regarded as settled that Mr. Buchanan was alone responsible for the course of his administration. But the history of that administration hitherto published has been in large part conjectural and imaginary. It is of the highest importance that that history should be known. The time has long passed when from political feeling any one could desire to suppress the truth, and now all men will be glad to take a dispassionate view of the men and the events of twenty-three years ago at Washington. Mr. Buchanan was in the habit of making brief and clear memoranda of daily conversations, interviews and occurrences. He preserved all important correspondence. The material for his biography is thus ample and the character of the book cannot but be of the most absorbing interest. Its revelations will undoubtedly surprise all who have accepted as true the supposed histories which have been written in the excitement of strong partisan feeling, and perhaps not in the least startling portions will be in the letters of eminent men who have been credited with dissent from the policy of an administration, which policy they in fact guided and approved. In any event the biography of James Buchanan covers the most important period of our history since the revolution, and knowing as we do, the material which he left to be used at the proper time, we have no doubt that Mr. Curtis has made such use of it that the publication will throw clearer light on history than any or all of the books which have attempted to show how the United States was led into the war in 1861.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

Some great thinker once said: "Don't commence to write an article for publication until you are full of your subject." An editor who intended to write an article on "beer" remembered this advice, and got so full of his subject that he couldn't sit on a chair, much less write the article.

On the authority of the New York *Sun* Easter on the 25th of March is a coincidence that no living man has seen. It was as far back as 1658, 1674, 1731 and 1742 that Easter came on the 25th of March. This coincidence is the first of its kind in our century, and will not take place again till 1894.

Death of Peter Cooper.

A PEACEFUL CLOSING TO A LIFE OF NINETY TWO YEARS.

Peter Cooper died at his home, 9 Lexington avenue, at 3 o'clock Wednesday morning, of pneumonia. He was in his ninety-third year. He had been in good health during the winter, occasionally suffering from colds. He visited the Cooper Union on Saturday, as was his almost daily practice, and on his return a cold with which he was then afflicted was worse. On Sunday morning he felt so ill that his family physician, Dr. J. J. Hull of 158 West Thirty-fouth street, was called in. On Monday morning he was worse, and in the afternoon his condition was so serious that his son, Mr. Edward Cooper, was summoned from Albany. In the evening Mr. Cooper rallied partially, but on Tuesday he grew worse rapidly, until it became evident that his end was near. There were present at his bedside when he died ex-Mayor Cooper, Mr. and Mrs Hewitt and their six children, other members of the family, and his physician. He called Mrs. Hewitt to him and whispered a farewell message to her. Then he spoke a few words to the others, in so low a tone as to be barely audible. His death was peaceful and seemingly painless.

Peter Cooper was born on Feb. 12, 1791, in the city of New York. His mother's father, John Campbell, was a deputy quartemaster and an Alderman of New York during the Revolutionary war, and sacrificed a fortune in his country's behalf. His father was a Lieutenant in the Revolutionary army, and after the war made a competency in the manufacture of hats in New York. When Peter was about 3 years old his father bought a place at Peekskill, N. Y., where he established a country store and built a church. His hat business was continued on in New York, and Peter learned, when he was not much taller than the leg of the table, to pull the hair out of rabbit skins. Subsequently he learned to make every part of a hat. While at Peekskill his father went into the business of making bricks, and Peter's services were utilized in carrying and handling bricks for the drying process. As this did not prove profitable enough, his father resumed the ale business at Newburgh, N. Y., where Peter worked until he was nearly 17. The first $10 that he saved was invested in lottery tickets, which all drew blanks, and impressed him with the folly of gambling.

In his seventeenth year he was apprenticed to the busines of coach making, receiving $25 a year for his services. He worked hard nights at coach carving and saved money. He made for his employer a machine for mortising the hubs of carriages, the first of the kind in this country. This employer offered to set him up in business, but he declined. He had a horror of being in debt, and he never lost that feeling.

At the termination of his apprenticeship Peter Cooper went to Hempstead, L. I., where he worked for three years, earning $1.50 a day making machines for shearing cloth. He saved enough out of his wages to buy the right to manufacture the machine in the State of New York on his own account. The first money he received for the sale of these machines was from Mr. Vassar, the founder of Vassar College. When Peter Cooper found himself possessed of $600, which was to him a small fortune, with that generosity which marked all his life, he gave it to his father who was then involved in business difficulties. This and other gifts saved his father from failing. The war of 1812 created so great a demand for the cloth-shearing machines that Mr. Cooper sold them as fast as they could be made. His inventive genius suggested an important improvement in the machines, which increased his profits. The principle of it was the same as that of a modern mower. He always spoke of it with pride.

His first venture in mercantile business was a grocer opposite the Cooper Union. He had a twenty year's lease of this property, and built four dwelling houses there. With the profits of the cloth shearing and grocery business he purchased a glue factory on the old "Middle road," between Thirty-first and Thirty-fourth streets, paying for it in cash, as was his custom in all operations. He did not believe in loans, mortgages, or banks, and prided himself on doing busines on a cash basis. He manufactured glue, oil, whiting, prepared chalk, and isinglass for twenty one years at that place. Then he moved that business to Maspeth avenue Brooklyn, where it is still carried on. He made many improvemens in the manufacture of different articles, especialy of isinglass, which up to his advent in the business was a costly article. His method of making cheap isinglass alone secured him a fortune. The secret of it was that when Russian isinglass was selling at $4 a pound he produced an article that could be used as a substitute, and which cost him about 10 cents a pound, while it readily sold for 75 cents a pound.

One of the very few instances in which Mr. Cooper was imposed upon by sharpers in business was in 1828, when two men persuaded him to unite with them in the purchase of 3,000 acres of land at Baltimore, Md., being the whole shore for three miles from Fell's Point dock. Mr. Cooper soon found out that his associates had no capital, and that he was furnishing all the money for the enterprise. He got rid of them at their own price and took all of the property into his own hands, expending $102,000 for the land. He then erected the Canton iron works, which he subsequently sold to Mr. Abbott of Baltimore.

Peter Cooper's tireless energy and apt invention were well displayed in this enterprise. The original plan involved expectations of an early completion of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but many short turns in the road seemed to make it impossible to draw trains upon it with the locomotives then known. Peter Cooper devised and constructed at his own expense a locomotive which overcame the difficulty, and not only afforded transportation to his new property, but saved the road from bankruptcy. The construction of this locomotive involved the use of what is now known as the tubular boiler, one of which Mr. Cooper made out of old gun barrels. He was very fond of dwelling upon this triumph of his mechanical skill, and is entitled to the credit of having built the first successful locomotive engine used on this continent.

Finding that the wood on all parts of his property was being stolen, he determined to utilize it on the spot. He had four or five hundred tons of iron ore raised at Lazareth point, and devised a plan to make charcoal out of the wood for the purpose of making charcoal iron. He had some large kilns erected, and made the charcoal successfully, but he nearly lost his life on that occasion at one of the kilns. It appears that the coal took fire and all the efforts of the workmen to extinguish it failed. Mr Cooper went to the door of the kiln to see what could be done, and the gas took fire, envoloping him in a sheet of flame. His eyebrows, whiskers, and fur hat were singed, but he was blown away from the kiln by the explosion, so that he escaped serious injury. He built a rolling mill on the property, but finally sold out to the Canton Company. He took some of his pay in stock at $44 a share, and kept it up till it went up to $223 a share so that, although he was imposed upon in the beginning of the enterprise, he came out with a very handsome profit at the end of it. He next bought a property in Thirty-third street, near Third avenue, and built an iron factory, which he soon turned into a rolling mill for rolling iron and making iron wire. After some years he removed the business to Trenton, N. J., where he bought power, enlarged the works, and built a mill and wire factory, employing hundreds of men. A few years later he built at Phillipsburg the three largest blast furnaces then known. He afterward bought the Andover mines, and built a railroad eight miles long to bring the ore to the furnace at the rate of 40,000 tons a year. After running the works several years, he disposed of them to a stock company, which also took in the Treuton Iron Works, including a second rolling mill and wire works, and 11,000 acres known as the Ringwood property. Finally the operations of the company were contracted and Mr. Cooper resumed possession of the Ringwood property, which was then earning about $200,000 a year. He gave his business to his son, Edward Cooper, and his son in law, Abram S. Hewitt, and it is still owned and conducted by Cooper & Hewitt.

In one of Mr. Cooper's Ringwood mills was rolled the first of the iron girders such as are now commonly used in fireproof buildings. The idea of making such girders occurred to Mr. Cooper when he was planning the Cooper Union building. Wishing to make the building fireproof, he sought iron girders in the market, but could find none. Then he determined to make them in his own mills. But before he succeeded he expended $75,000 in experimental machinery. The great cost was owing to the fact that at first there was no adequate conception of the enormous strength of machinery required to do the work. The investment proved a profitable one in the end, as his mills were required to make many more such girders after he had produced the first. Other manufacturers, however, came in for a part of the benefit of his experience, because he did not see fit to patent the process that cost him so much time and money to produce.

As President of the New York, Newfoundland, and London Telegraph Company he was associated with Marshall O. Roberts, Moses Taylor, Wilson G. Hunt, Cyrus W. Field, and others. They steadily paid out money for fourteen years, without return, in the confident hope of ultimately perfecting telegraphic communication between Europe and the United States. They lost the first cable that was laid across the Gulf of St. Lawrence, a misfortune which cost them between three and four hundred thousand dollars. This occasioned a delay of a year and a half. But at length the line to Newfoundland was completed, and after vigorous efforts the requisite capital was secured for the laying of the first ocean cable. English capital was obtained to take part of the risk, and the first ocean cable was laid. It worked until 400 messages were received, and then gave out. But the testimony that the line had worked was so conclusive that other capital was secured. Peter Cooper maintained his confidence in the ocean cable from the first and in company with Moses Taylor, Cyrus W. Field, Marshall O. Roberts and others, got up the subscription for laying the second cable, which was unfortunately broken and the end lost in mid-ocean. Peter Cooper did not even then lose faith, but kept on advancing his share of the money, and was one of the chief stockholders in the company that had laid the first successful ocean cable.

In the many enterprises that Peter Cooper entered into, he derived much advantage from his aptitude for mechanical invention At 15 he made a pair of shoes and the lasts on which they were made. While he was an apprentice at coach making, he planned at night the model of a machine to utilize the power of the rising and falling of the tide. His conception was to store up the power in compressed air, and use it in mills or on boats. Robert Fulton inspected the model, but was too much occupied with steam navigation to give it much attention, and the invention was never used.

Another of his inventions was a substitute for the crank motion. This he applied to the first locomotive used on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, but for some reason it was discarded. Before the water was let into the Erie canal, Peter Cooper devised a method of propelling the boats by means of a series of endless chains extening along the line of the canal, and worked by water power. He went to the expense of building a flatboat and putting down a section of posts in the East River from the foot of Eighth street to the foot of Twenty-sixth street. He got Gov. Clinton and some friends to make the trip, which was regarded as a success, as he ran two miles in eleven minutes One of the passengers on the first trip was Hamilton Fish. Gov. Clinton was so much impressed with the invention that he bought the privilege of using it on the canal for $800. Clinton did not use it, however, because he was afraid it would prevent the fulfillment of the promises that they should have a market for their produce in the sale of food to the horses to be used on the canal. Only a few years ago the same thing was thought of by Mr. Welteh, the President of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company, as a means of getting the boats through the canal locks. Mr. Welteh was somewhat astonished to find that he had been anticipated by Peter Cooper nearly half a century ago.

In early life, while Mrs. Cooper was preparing the frugal meals for the family, Peter was required to rock the cradle. His inventive genius soon constructed a machine that not only rocked the cradle, but kept off the flies and played a musical box for the future Mayor of New York.

The great work of Peter Cooper's life, which has endeared him to the city of his birth, is his gift to the people of the Cooper Union for the advancemement of Science and Art.

The corner stone of the Cooper Institute was laid in 1875 at the junction of Third avenue, Eighth street, and Fourth avenue. The cost of the building was $630,000. The total cost of building and education has been about $2,000,000. Part of the expense is defrayed by the rents of the stores in the basement of the building, but Mr. Cooper's donations were constant and sufficient to keep the insitution out of debt. His last gift was the erection of another story at a cost of $60,000. An illustration of his forethought is shown in the fact that when the plans of the building were made, about

THE COLUMBIAN.

G. E. Elwell,
J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1883.

Sprague was defeated for governor of Rhode Island last week.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* has put in use a new Hoe press, four cylinder. They have also dropped the word Harrisburg from their heading, and inserted a cut representing the Capitol, the rising sun—the enterprise of the manufactories—the out going of the early trains. The words "The morning," in the cut are surely appropriate since it reaches its patrons as the first morning paper—with us it comes seven hours in advance of any daily with the dispatches

A prize fight occurred just outside the borough limits of Nanticoke on last Friday, between Tom Slavin, of Wanamie, and a man named Cavanaugh. A defiant challenge was made by Slavin and Cavanaugh accepted. There were twenty-two rounds fought, Slavin being knocked down twenty one times. When time was called for the twenty-third round Slavin lay prostrate on the ground bleeding from his wounds, and he failed to come to time. His second immediately threw up the sponge, and Cavanaugh was declared the winner. Slavin's face was horribly mangled and for a time it was thought he would not recover. Cavanaugh was not in a much better condition, being terribly cut and bruised. Cavanaugh is the lion of the day among the Irish in the coal regions. Already talk is heard of training him for the professional ring. No arrests were made.

The 19th of the present month will mark the centennial of an event whose importance in the history of the country is, perhaps, equal in importance to the 4th of July, 1776. It was on this day that the Continental army was informed by General Washington of the ratification of the treaty of peace, and the acknowledgment by great Britain of the independence of the American states. The two events are complementary; the one marking the period when the great design was determined upon, the other its successful accomplishment. It was for some time questioned which of the two dates was the more proper from which to date the existence of the United States as an independent commonwealth. Of course, patriotic enthusiasm naturally led the colonists to insist upon the earlier date. Certainly, the one hundredth anniversary of the day when the announcement was made that our country was recognized as belonging to the family of nations deserves, at any rate, some kind of a celebration.—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

THE NEW JAIL.

Some of our exchanges are publishing an item to the effect that the Columbia county jail has been abandoned by the commissioners, and the prisoners removed to the old jail. There is no foundation for such a report, The new jail is not abandoned, and is not likely to be. The commissioners have no more authority to direct the sheriff to move with his prisoners to the old building than they have to direct the Judges to hold court in the Opera House. Columbia county has but one jail. When prisoners are bound over to court, they are to be kept in the county jail, unless bail is furnished. When they are sentenced by the court, to undergo imprisonment in the county jail neither the sheriff nor commissioners have the power to lock them up somewhere else, no matter what the expense of keeping them may be.

As to whether the location of the new jail was a proper one or not, is quite another thing. At the time of selecting the site the COLUMBIAN opposed it vigorously, and urged that the site of the old jail be selected for the new. In the issue of April 20th 1877 it said: "We earnestly condemn the abandonment of the present ground, which is admirably adapted for prison purposes, and it seems to us that if it did not already belong to the county, every effort would have been made to secure it." In the issue of July 20th 1877, after the Waller lot had been contracted for by Messrs. Herner and Sands, two of the commissioners, the COLUMBIAN said: "When it is the universally expressed desire of the people of the county to have the new jail erected on the old site, we cannot understand the persistency with which the majority of the commissioners cling to the idea of putting it somewhere else." But they did cling to it, and put the building in a swamp. It is there, and the only thing to do now, is to make the best of it. The jail was taken off the hands of the contractors and is the property of the county, and if it needs repairs and drainage, the only thing that can be done is to spend enough money on it to make it suitable for the purpose for which it was erected. It would cost as much to put the old jail in proper condition for a prison, as it would require to make the necessary improvements in the new. If drainage cannot be made otherwise, the services of a competent surveyor should be obtained to ascertain and report the best and cheapest manner in which the premises can be drained. It certainly would not be economy to abandon property that cost the county nearly sixty thousand dollars, if a comparatively small sum will make it what it should be. The evident desire of the commissioners to economize in the cost of keeping prisoners is commendable, but they have no power to abandon the county jail, unless the people shall so decide in the proper manner.

B. F. Shaub, Superintendent of the Public Schools of Lancaster county, was elected Principal of the State Normal School at Millersville Saturday afternoon. Dr Edward Brooks, who had been connected with the school for twenty-five years, sixteen of which he was Principal, resigned some time ago, on account of ill-health. The newly elected Principal has been County Superintendent ten years, previous to which he was Principal of the High school of Strasburg. He has been a teacher at Millersville also.

The poet John G. Whittier has never been an Indian agent, nor even an Indian commissioner, but he seems to know what is wanted when he says that the best way to settle the Indian problem is to establish plenty of Indian schools and see that they are liberally patronized.

There actually seems ground for suspicion that President Arthur went fishing to escape from the importunities of Mahone.

A Candidate's Ready Tongue.

Mr. McDonald, of Indiana, seems to be determined to exercise the old Hoosier political prerogative of committing suicide. Just after the elections last fall he came prominently before the country as the probable choice of the West in the next Democratic Convention. He rushed forthwith to Washington, where he talked with such perfect freedom to everybody that it was very evident he was willing and anxious to sacrifice himself.

After a time some kind but shrewd friend bundled him off to Indiana with an injunction against talking, since which time less has been heard of him. As a result his chances have greatly improved. But it is now evident that he has enemies and that they are determined he shall talk. The willing candidate has just submitted to another interview. He has evidently been down to Louisville to see Mr. Watterson and his enthusiasm has got the better of his prudence. He insists upon a tariff for revenue only. He is sure, too, that the tariff is the only national issue and that the West and South will unite against the present tariff and protection.

The Indiana ex-Senator is an excellent man in many respects. He has shown many times that he had a level head. But he misreads the signs of the times if these are his opinions and deliberately cuts himself off from all hope by expressing them at this time. He forgets 1880 and demonstrates that he knows nothing of politics. As things now stand the Democrats have more than a fighting chance for the next Presidency; but the Democrats, controlled by or surrendering to the Watersonian policy, cannot come within fighting distance of victory, let alone commanding victory itself.

If Mr. Watterson has taken Mr. McDonald to the top of a high mountain and promised him the Presidency lying below him, the Indiana statesman should be careful not to tell anyone of the offer, because somebody will be rash enough to question the erratic Kentuckian's title.—*Phila. Times.*

Disgraced Leadership.

Senator Cooper has so long cracked the party whip in the chamber in which he occupies a seat, and flaunted the black flag in the faces of honest legislators at the dictation of gigantic corporations and grinding monopolies, that it appears impossible for him to realize that he is no longer the leader whose name alone is sufficient to bring victory to any cause he may espouse. For a quarter of a century the great state of Pennsylvania has been bound hand and foot through its legislature that was owned by the great corporations. The wrongs suffered by the people found expression in the 17th article of the constitution of 1873. The Republican party, which had controlled the government for fifteen years prior to its adoption, has continued in the ascendency since. By its reckless subserviency to corporate power and monopoly, under the leadership of Cameron, Quay and Cooper, however, it has lost its influence both in the executive and legislative branches of the state government.

A Democratic Governor and assembly and a senate controlled by Democrats and honest Republicans who refuse to acknowledge fealty to any power except the honestly expressed will of the people is the answer to this state of affairs. The recent discussion on the free pipe and free pass bills has demonstrated that the stalwart cry of reform is but a hollow sound to deceive the people. So long as the stalwart leadership remains unchanged, there can be no harmony in the party and while Stewart, Lee, Emery, McFarlane, Agnew and Longenecker remain within the lines peace will only be at the price of stalwart surrender. The dictatorial manner of the leadership has compelled aspiring Republicans to lay aside their manhood, integrity and devotion to principle or sacrifice all hopes of advancement.

Through these stalwart leaders and because of their power monopolies have, during all these years, taunted the people and trifled with the constitution. Two years ago Senators Stewart, Lee, Hall and others led the forlorn hope of reform on the floor of the senate to receive contumely as their reward. They carried their cause to the people and appealing to that tribunal, which always means right, they triumphed. The faithless party and its corrupt leadership was rebuked. But their power had been so long continued and so insolent that the discredited leaders refused to read aright the signs of the times. Through their leaders, once powerful, but now weak, these monopolies again opposed, as they had previously done, any free pipe bill. The result is a bill that may be too severe, the provisions of which may cripple other concerns than the offending corporation. In this there is a lesson for the corporations. In arraying themselves against the evident will of the people they endanger interests that are otherwise secure. The people must be obeyed. They are slow to wrath but terrible in vengeance. Let all corporate interests recognize the laws of the state and accept those provisions of the constitution which are designed for the people's safety. Reasonable legislation to enforce its provisions, resisted for selfish ends, provokes radical measures. Let it be understood that corporations and politics must be managed under the same code of morals that makes a man successful socially or in business or that failure to meet these conditions will entail defeat.—*Patriot.*

The magnificent mantle which the Czarina will wear at the coming coronation is made of cloth of gold, bordered with armorial bearings embroidered in silk and gems. The crown placed on her head will be the one used at the coronation of the Empress Catherine II. and Elizabeth. Its value is estimated at three millions of roubles, and is composed of diamonds, rubies, and a large number of pearls. In her scepter will blaze the great Orloff diamond, which is said to weigh eight carats more than the Koh i noor. The procession will consist of thirty-three carriages. That of the Czarina was made at Berlin by the orders of Frederick the great, and presented by him to the Empress Elizabeth. It is a kind of double throne without springs, but hung on four bands of red velvet A single window, framed in white satin, forms the front, and the imperial eagles and the crown set in brilliants adorn the panels. It will be drawn by eight white horses, caparisoned with red velvet and flashing with gold and precious stones.

Governor Dawes, of Nebraska, has appointed Wednesday, April 18, as Arbor Day. The State Board of Agriculture offers liberal premiums for the greatest number of trees planted during the present month by any person, and for the greatest number of trees planted during the present year, and a special premium—known as Arbor-Day premium—for the greatest number of trees planted upon the appointed day, divided and clasified as to varieties.

The Legislature.

The following bills have passed the Senate finally since last week:

Fixing the date of the commencement of terms of borough officer's and auditor's settlements.

Authorizing townships to build poor houses.

Regulating proceedings on mortgages.

The bill directing the investment of money remaining to the credit of the several sinking funds of cities of the second class in loans of said cities, the United States or the state of Pennsylvania.

The Free Pipe line bill.

Senate bill granting the right of eminent domain to gaslight and heat companies.

Senate bill to authorize and empower the chief burgess and law counsel of Lebanon borough to borrow and to appropriate money to purchase the Lebanon hook and ladder and the Liberty engine houses in Lebanon.

In the house:

The governor's message vetoing the bill increasing the pay of assessors to $2 per day was called up, and a long debate ensued, participated in by Messrs. Nicholson, Hulings, Amerman, Sharpe, McNamara, Niles, Hayes, Parcels and Colborn. The question was generally treated as a non political one, and some of the leading democrats took exception in unmistakable terms to the veto. On the question of the passage of the bill over the veto, the yeas were 84 and the nays 96 and veto was sustained.

Senate resolution empowering the committee to employ a stenographer in the taking of testimony in reference to what reduction can be made on the clerical force of their several departments at a cost not to exceed $300. Mr. Crawford moved that it be done at no expense to the state, Mr. Niles was explaining the nature of the committee's duties, when Mr. Crawford withdrew his motion. Concurred in.

Mr. Sharpe, Franklin, offered a resolution that hereafter sessions be held on Tuesday evening from 7.30 to 9.30 o'clock to consider bills on third reading and final passage. The resolution gave rise to some discussion, and was finally adopted.

Mr. A. H. Morgan, Philadelphia, moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill amending the act for the punishment of cruelty to animals passed third reading for the purpose of going into committee of the whole to strike out the amendment giving the right to appeal from justice's decisions. Mr. Tubbs, Tioga, opposed the motion to reconsider, because he thought every man had the right to appeal from a wrongful conviction. Mr. Morgan briefly replied, the motion to reconsider was not agreed to, and the bill passed finally.

The bill fixing the salaries of the county officers of Philadelphia was called up on third reading Mr. Franklin Hall, of Philadelphia, rose to a personal explanation. The salaries proposed to be given, he said, were out of all reason. He instituted a comparison between those of the United States and the Philadelphia offices. The United States attorney general got $2,000 less than is proposed to be given to the district attorney; the United States solicitor general $2,000 less, and the sheriff 5,000 more than the governor of Pennsylvania. He moved to go into committee of the whole for special amendment. The motion was opposed by Messrs. Crawford, Clark and Gavit, and was not agreed to. The bill was then passed finally,

The bill to prevent the use of pigeons and other birds and fowls as targets in any test of skill in markmanship or shooting, for amusement, failed to pass finally.

The bill to abolish the prison contract system of Pennsylvania, and to regulate the wages of the inmates, was passed finally.

The bill to change the manner of electing councilmen in boroughs not having more than six councilmen, three to be selected for one year and three for two years and annually thereafter to elect one half of the whole number for two years. Mr. Sterrett, of McKean, opposed its passage, because he considered it simply special legislation. On final passage the yeas were 131 and the nays 23.

Supplement to the act for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines, providing for the furnishing of props and timber to the miners in the mines.

The bill for the protection of farmers and owners of cattle, horses, mule, sheep and swine along the line of railroads in Butler county, passed finally.

The bill providing for the appointment of successors to the testamentary trustees of the Bringhurst fund for Norristown and Pottstown, in Montgomery county was read the third time and passed finally.

The bill authorizing records from bank books to be given in evidence passed finally.

The bill providing for the appropriation of any net cash balance to be in the treasury of any city of the first class at the close of any fiscal year passed finally.

Consideration of the bill for the licensing of bottlers was postponed for the present.

A business meeting of the Juniata Valley Editorial Association was held at Huntingdon last Saturday April 7th. All of the officers of the association and other editors from all the counties in the valley were present. The principal subject discussed was that of foreign advertisements, for the consideration of which the meeting was called. The resolutions adopted declare that the members of the association will not accept any such advertisements requiring special positions in their columns; that they will insert them only at full rates, and appealing to the State Editorial Association to adopt similar resolutions. The co-operation of all the newspapers of the valley in carrying out these rules is asked.

Healthy Winter Grain.

The department of agricultural reports the condition of the winter grain crops on the 1st of April over its entire breadth: The acreage for the wheat crop is 80 bushels; last April it was 104, and in 1881, 85 bushels. The most observing reporters have examined the roots and in many cases found them healthy while the plant's are brown. There is goood reason for believing that the real condition of wheat is therefore less unpromising than it seems. The averages of the condition in states of large production are: New York, 101 bushels; Pennsylvania, 95; Ohio, 70; Kentucky, 80; Indiana, 75; Michigan, 93; Illinois, 80; Missouri, 93; Kansas, 70; California, 62.

The acreage of winter wheat varies little from last year' sbreadth. The returns indicate an increse of one per cent.

Some Young Men.

There are some young men in every community whose whole lives are a miserable reflection on the idea of manhood. They are all endowed with some abilities and in instances are more than ordinarily intelligent, yet from the time the portals of independent living opened to them, they have chosen to walk in sinuous and forbidden paths. The abandonment of parental restraint, the reading of objectionable literature, the companionship of older men, themselves hardened by excesses, and other agencies equally bad, operated to plant the seeds that have now developed into the full poisonous growth, until their sole ambition is to be considered "fast" and to be "fast."

The commonest type of this class is he who lounges in the hotel lobbies with the air of a *roue*. Or he stands on the curb stones and insults decent people with his loud talk and bad odor, or locates himself along prominent streets and shocks modest women and girls with his piratical glances. He is feared by mothers, detested by fathers, regarded with suspicion by his employer, if he is so fortunate as to have one, and robs his parents of all joy in life. He affords but one moment of pleasure to his friends and the general public in the whole course of his life after coming to manhood's estate, and that is when he dies without having committed any serious violation of the law of the land.

That there are many of these is true. They are to be met in every walk of life and every level of society. They are always vulgar and repulsive. They know nothing of the exquisite pleasure of doing a generous deed. They know but little of the amenities of life, their sensibilities having been petrified at an early stage of their career. They are reckless, heartless, conscienceless, and for the sake of the boys who are rapidly coming on to be men, and the girls who never know how bad a man can be, some measures should be taken looking to their reformation.—*Patriot.*

A Flock of Fifty Eagles.

SOMETHING THAT MAY CAUSE THE PUZZLED NATURALIST TO KNIT HIS BROWS.

A flock of eagles is believed to be a rare thing, but that is just what Nick Maher, ex Sheriff of Dakota county, and R. L. Ward, of this city, saw lately. These two gentlemen were returning from Jackson to Sioux city, coming by the island road. When about four miles out from Covington, in Colonel Orr's timber in Brushy bend, they saw on the trees ahead of them what they at first supposed was a flock of turkeys. Coming nearer they saw that the birds were not turkeys but eagles, bald eagles, too. As they came close most of them flew off toward the north and were hid by the timber. But six remained. Among these six was one which looked like Old Abe, the Wisconsin war eagle. This one craned his neck as the two men passed directly under the tree where he sat. The men halloed, but neither this white-headed veteran or any of the six flew off. Mr. Ward says there were fully 50 eagles in this flock, Their plumage was not all alike, some being gray headed and others with white heads. Both gentlemen are confident about the identity of the birds. They were not fish hawks nor buzzards, but bald eagles, that they saw. It is possible that these bald eagles had been south to winter and so happened to come back in a body.

The bald eagle is not entirely the noble bird that he is pictured by the poets. Truth compels the statement that he is by birth and practice a thief, and his principal source of support the fish-hawk, which bird he robs remorselessly. He will catch rabbits and other small game when he cannot find a fish-hawk to rob, and when on the tramp and hard up will eat carrion. The bald eagle, it may be mentioned in this connection, is the bird of our country.—*Sioux City Journal.*

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This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

To Dyspeptics.

The most common signs of **Dyspepsia, or Indigestion,** are an oppression at the stomach, nausea, flatulency, water-brash, heart-burn, vomiting, loss of appetite, and constipation. Dyspeptic patients suffer untold miseries, bodily and mental. They should stimulate the digestion, and secure regular daily action of the bowels, by the use of moderate doses of

Ayer's Pills.

After the bowels are regulated, one of these Pills, taken each day after dinner, is usually all that is required to complete the cure.

AYER'S PILLS are sugar-coated and purely vegetable—a pleasant, entirely safe, and reliable medicine for the cure of **all disorders of the stomach and bowels.** They are the best of all purgatives for family use.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following Widows' Appraisements will be presented to Court on the first Monday of May, 1883, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions be filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolutely:

1. Kershner John estate, deceased, of Pine township. Personalty $300 00
2. Baker John estate, deceased, Beaver township. Realty $300 00
3. Ivey William estate, deceased, Hemlock township. Personalty $300 00
4. Shuman George estate, deceased, Millin township. Realty $300 00
5. Herner John estate, deceased, Locust township. Personalty $165 10
6. Johnson James estate, deceased, Madison township. Realty $300 00
7. Harter Walcott estate, deceased, Sugarloaf township. Realty $300 00
8. Rhawn Casper estate, deceased, Catawissa township. Personalty $300 00

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk O. C.

Visitors to Philadelphia
Should make it a point to call and inspect the
LARGEST STOCK OF DRY GOODS
In Pennsylvania; which stock is not exceeded by any on sale in the United States. Lookers on are cordially welcome.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER.

SUMMER SILKS.

It may be thought early for these goods, but now is the time to purchase, and for several reasons:
FIRST—Our stock is full and complete in new, fresh goods.
SECOND—All these goods have been so bought and are marked at such low prices as to afford but little profit either to the makers or ourselves. They cannot be sold lower, if as low, later on.
THIRD—Buying now affords ample time to make up at leisure.
We have good reason to believe that we are showing the most varied assortment and best values ever offered in this market

WE HAVE
STRIPE SILKS at 40 cents.
STRIPE SILKS at 45 cents.
STRIPE SILKS at 50 cents.
STRIPE SILKS at 55 cents.
STRIPE SILKS at 65 cents
LOUISINES IN COLORED CHECKS at 75 cents.
GLACE DOUBLE CHECKS at 75 cents.
GLACE SINGLE CHECKS, at 75 cents.
3 designs GLACE STRIPE at 75 cents.
50 designs of COLORED AND WHITE BLOCK CHECKS at 75 cents.
BLACK AND WHITE LOUISINES (Extra Quality), at 85 cents.
EXTRA QUALITY MOURNING LOUISINES at 85 cents.
JASPE MOURNING SILKS at 85 cents.
NEAT BLACK AND WHITE STRIPED SILKS (20 inches wide), at $1 00.
EXTRA QUALITY GLACE BLOCK CHECKS at $1.00.
BEST QUALITY GLACE BLOCK CHECKS at $1.25.
THE BEST LOUISINES MADE at $1.50.
THE BEST LOUISINES MADE (22 inches wide), at $1.75.
This is the only lot of these in Philada.

FIVE DOLLAR DRESS PATTERNS.

FINE FRENCH DRESS PATTERNS
(full quantity for an entire dress,
At FIVE DOLLARS EACH.
The former price was $10.50.

Each of these beautiful patterns contains four yards of double-width fine all-wool French Novelty goods imported to retail at $2.00 per yard, besides 12 yards of 42-inch all wool French Rhoda Cloth, worth 62½ cents per yard. There are twenty different styles and colorings, including some dark, some medium and some light effects.
The patterns are put up nicely in boxes, with fashion-plates, showing just how to make up.

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

We also quote, without comment, a few of the many genuine bargains now offered in this department.
Full size CREAM HUCK TOWELS, extra heavy, reduced from 16 cents to 12½ cents each. Full size WASHED HUCK TOWELS, very desirable for hotels and boarding houses. Price 12½ cents. Handsome, plain white KNOTTED FRINGE DAMASK TOWELS, which usually sell for 50 cents, at 25 cents each. Heavy cream and Bleached GERMAN DAMASK TOWELS at 25 cents each; very remarkable value. HONEYCOMB BATH TOWELS, with knotted fringe at 20 cents each; reduced from 25 cents. Desirable TURKISH BATH TOWELS at 20 cents each; reduced from 25 cts. 8-4 RED BORDER LOOM TABLE CLOTHS at $1.25 each; must be seen to be properly appreciated. 8-4 RED BORDER LOOM TABLE CLOTHS, nearly bleached, at $1.75 each; would be good value for $2.50. 8-10 RED BORDER CREAM LUNCH CLOTHS, at $2.00 each; this number has always been sold for $2.75. PLAIN AND RED BORDER LOOM DAMASK TABLE LINEN at 50 cents per yard; the best value yet offered. 60-inch Hand Loom CREAM DAMASK at 65 cents per yard; we imported this to sell for 75 cents.
Also HUNDREDS OF OTHER BARGAINS just as cheap as the ones described.

GLOVES.

We have received, at an enormous loss to the maker THE ENTIRE STOCK OF PERRINE'S BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES,
With the popular Foster fastening, 6 to 15 hooks.
NEARLY TWELVE THOUSAND PAIRS, and with little profit to ourselves turn them over to our patrons at just about ONE-HALF THEIR VALUE.
There were at the beginning of the sale—
5700 pairs, 5 Hooks at $1.00; regular price, $2.00.
4500 pairs 7 Hooks at $1.25; regular price $2.50.
1300 pairs 10 Hooks at $1.50; regular price $2.50.
400 pairs 15 Hooks at $1.50; regular price $3.00.
The regular prices quoted above are the lowest at which the goods have ever been sold.
No better glove is, or can be, made.
Every pair is warranted perfect.
The sizes are full and complete.
Every color is included.
As this offering excited widespread interest as soon as the distribution of the gloves began, and they are going rapidly, we advise our patrons to avail themselves of the opportunity.

We desire to make known to our out-of-town customers who find it inconvenient to visit the city every time Dry Goods are needed, that our MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is so perfected that shopping may be done while sitting comfortably at home, almost as satisfactorily as at our counters. All that is necessary is to address a letter or postal card, mentioning the kinds of goods desired, and samples to select from will be immediately forwarded.

Every lady should subscribe for our Fashion QUARTERLY. Each number contains valuable articles on personal and home adornment, and domestic economy, four pages of music, and a thousand engravings of fashions. It is both a magazine and a hand-book for shopping by mail; and the subscription price is only 50 cents per year. Send five three cent stamps for a sample copy.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,
EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

SAMARITAN NERVINE
NEVER FAILS.
THE GREAT NERVE CONQUEROR.

A SPECIFIC FOR
EPILEPSY, SPASMS, CONVULSIONS, FALLING SICKNESS, ST. VITUS DANCE, ALCHOHOLISM, OPIUM EATING, SYPHILLIS, SCROFULA, KINGS EVIL, UGLY BLOOD DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS WEAKNESS, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, BRAIN WORRY, BLOOD SORES, BILIOUSNESS, COSTIVENESS, KIDNEY TROUBLES AND IRREGULARITIES.

$1.50 per bottle at druggists.
The Dr. S. A. Richmond Med. Co., Proprietors.
St. Joseph, Mo. (1)
Correspondence freely answered by Physicians.
C. N. CRITTENTON, Agent, New York.

STYLISH WEDDING INVITATIONS and Announcements, Reception Cards and Invitations engraved in the best manner. Samples in the latest forms and handsomest varieties of script.

NOVELTIES IN THE DECORATION of Note Papers, Stamping in Colors and in Rich Bronzes. Effective Combinations of Colors illuminated in Gold. Special designs furnished free of charge for ornamental Initials and Address Dies in new styles of lettering.

THE HIGH REPUTATION of BAILEY, BANKS & BIDDLE'S Illuminated Stationery is due to its perfection of detail execution and the constant originality of idea in the designs produced.

12th & Chestnut,
PHILADELPHIA.

WANTED Energetic, Reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. Salary and expenses paid. Full instructions given, so inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LECLARE, BRIGHTON, N. Y., 7 mile east of Rochester, N. Y. apr 6-4w

BRIDGE ELECTION.

On May 7th, 1883, an election for officers of the Catawissa Bridge Company for the ensuing year, will be held at the house of Hester Kistler in Catawissa between the hours of 1 and 6 p. m., on that day.
J. B. ROBINS, Secretary.
4-6 3w

FOR SALE,

A valuable business location in the village of Espy, Scott township, Columbia county, where is already located the Pennsylvania Canal Company's boat yards and docks, paying out a sum of $36,000 annually, in cash. The property is located in the centre of town—on Main street and Light-street road; with a good store house and ware house. Just the place for doing a general mercantile trade.
ROBT. S. HOWELL, Agent.
4-6 3w

ADMINISTRATOR' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CASPER RHAWN, DECEASED.

Letters of administration in the estate of Casper Rhawn, late of Catawissa, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Clinton Ellis. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.
CLINTON ELLIS, Administrator.
apr 6 6w

FOR SALE.

One billiard and pool table, combined, for sale. Good as new, only been in use a short time. Two sets of balls go with the table. For terms, call or address
G. M. BAKER, Espy, Col. Co., Pa.
mar 30 4w

NOTICE.

In the matter of the private alley in Greenwood township near William Beisshline's, and P. E. Welliver's.
Among the records of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county it is *inter alia*, thus contained: And now, February 5th, 1883, on reading petition and motion of Geo. E. Elwell, a rule is granted to show cause why the said alley, described in the petition, shall not be closed up and vacated. And it is directed that said rule be published in one newspaper in the county for four successive weeks, and that all persons having interests or rights in said alley, who are not petitioners, shall have notice thereof in writing duly served upon them. Returnable the first Monday of May, 1883.
BY THE COURT.
3 23-4w

APPEAL NOTICE.

Appeals will be held on the assessment of 1883, between the hours of 8 a. m. and 4 p. m. of each day as follows, to-wit:

April 9th—For Hemlock, Montour and Mt. Pleasant, at our office in Bloomsburg.
April 10th—For Greenwood, Madison and Pine, at the house of Humphry Parker, in Millville.
April 11th—For Orange, at the house of Samuel Hagenbuch, in Orangeville.
April 12th—For Benton, Jackson and Sugarloaf, at the house of Hiram Hess, in Benton.
April 13th—For Fishingcreek, at the store of Moses McHenry, in Stillwater.
April 14th—For Centre, at the election house in Centre.
April 16th—For Berwick and Briarcreek, at the house of J. H. Hoyt, in Berwick.
April 17th—For Millin, at the house of Aaron Hess, in Millinville.
April 18th—For Beaver and Main, at the house of J. E. Longenberger, in Mainville.
April 19th—For Locust and Roaringcreek, at the house of Daniel Knorr, in Numidia.
April 20th—For Centralia and Conyngham, at the house of D. F. Curry, in Centralia.
April 21st—For Catawissa and Franklin, at the house of J. B. Kistler, in Catawissa.
April 23rd—For Bloom and Scott, at our office in Bloomsburg.

The assessors are required to give each taxable a notice of his or her valuation 5 days before the appeal

CHARLES REICHART, } Commr's
B. F. EDGAR, } of
JOSHUA FETTERMAN, } Columbia Co.
Attest, J. B. CASEY, Clerk.
Commissioner's Office, Bloomsburg, March 26, 1883.

BRIDGE DIVIDEND.

On and after April 7th, 1883, a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. on the capital stock of the Catawissa Bridge Company will be paid to the stockholders at the office of the treasurer.
J. B. ROBINS, Treasurer.
4 6 3w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that an application will be made under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "Catawissa Grange Exchange and Hall Association," the character and object of which is to provide, erect and furnish a hall and other building in the township of Catawissa for the accommodation of Catawissa Grange Patrons of Husbandry and for that purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly.
JOHN C. YOCUM, Attorney for Incorporation.
April 3rd, 1883.
4 6 4w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and will be presented to the said Court on the first Monday of May, 1883, and confirmed after the fourth day of said term unless exceptions be filed within that time.
1. The first and final account of William Hough ton committee of Lloyd Kressler, a lunatic.
2. The first and partial account of Franklin Rarig, trustee, to sell real estate of Daniel Rarig, deceased.
WM. KRICKBAUM, Prothonotary.
4 6

C. C. GALIGNAN,
PRACTICAL TIN ROOFER,
OPERA HOUSE,
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

C. B. ROBBINS,
DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
AND JOBBER IN CIGARS.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

EXECUTOR'S SALE!

By virtue of the last will and testament of George Shuman, late of Millin township, deceased, the undersigned executor of said estate will expose to public sale on

TUESDAY, April 24th 1883.

At one o'clock p. m., upon the premises, a valuable

Timber Tract,

of land, containing

60 ACRES,

more or less situate in Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded north by lands of heirs of David Shuman, deceased; east by lands of Harman John; south by lands of ——— ———; west by lands of heirs of Samuel Shuman, deceased.
The tract is heavily timbered with good

Rock Oak and White Oak

timber, and is located near the Bloom ferry, and line of the North & West Branch railroad, and is convenient to good market.
Parties wishing to see the property before day of sale, can call upon Harman John, who lives near the tract, and will give any desired information.
Terms easy, and will be made known on day of sale.
ALLEN MANN, Executor.
3-23

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LLOYD KRESSLER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration in the estate of Lloyd Kressler, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.
WILLIAM HOUGHTON, Administrator.
Pine Summit,
mar 23-6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF LOUIS SCHUYLER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Louis Schuyler, deceased, late of Madison township, Columbia county, Pa., have been granted by the Register of said county to Cyrus Welliver. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.
CYRUS WELLIVER, Executor.
Jerseytown, Col. Co. Pa.
mar 23 6w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ISAAC SNYDER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary to the estate of Isaac Snyder late of Millin town-hip, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by Register of said County to J. E., and I. E. Snyder All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.
J. E. SNYDER,
I. L. SNYDER, Executors.
mar 23-4w

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1883.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6 18 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 40 p. m.	6 45 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 38 a. m.	8 25 a. m.
10 35 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 01 p. m.	4 37 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with 9:35 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 2:20 p. m.

The 1:34 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 1:50 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:55 reaching Philadelphia at 7:25 p. m.

The 4:37 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 2:55 a. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

SOUTH.	SOUTH.
7.41 a. m	12.58 p. m.
6.31 p. m	7.07 p. m.

Public Sales.

[All persons having bills printed at this office, will receive a gratuitous notice under this head.]

A. C. Vanliew and Jacob Terwilliger, administrators of A. B. Vanliew, deceased, will sell valuable personal property on premises in Buckhorn on Saturday April 21, commencing at 1 o'clock.

Personal.

Cyrus B. McHenry was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. D. W. Conner of Wilkesbarre, is visiting her parents.

F. P. Pursel made a flying trip to Wilkesbarre on Tuesday evening.

Conrad Bittenbender has gone to Eaton, to visit his daughter, Mrs. Jenkins.

James B. Neal has graduated as an M. D. at the University of Pennsylvania.

R. R. Little's little boy who has been very sick with scarlet fever, is convalescing.

Mr. James B. Gregg, of Binghampton N. Y. spent last Sunday at Rev. L. Zahner's.

F. P. Drinker is in Snyder county this week, looking after the interests of Irondale.

Mr. and Mrs Dr. Waller of Osceola, have come east to visit friends. Mrs. Waller is with her sister, Mrs. Maize, on Fifth street.

We have either heard from or seen the following subscribers during the past week: Mrs. D. Snyder, J. F. Rink, A. C. Creasy, A. Hendershott, W. Bellas, R. J. Davis, F. Hagenbuch, Alex. Knouse, Samuel Appleman, J. K. Young, J. A. Chapin, Hiram Hess, W. W. Hess, B. G. Kase, H. F. Everett, Silas McHenry, A. J. Kline, J. J. Karns, J. B. Laubach, J. S. Grimes, W. C. Wilson, W. M. Appleman, John B. Karns, Cyrus H. Karns, Jesse C. Karns, G. W. Bertsch, Jas. W. Perry.

Saltzer's new sewing machine sign takes the cake.

Read N. S. Tingley's advertisement in another column.

The Orangeville Academy is said to be very well attended.

Mrs. Margaretta Petriken, relict of Dr. Petriken, died at Danville on Tuesday night.

J. J. and D. McHenry have about 800,000 feet of sawed lumber in their yards at Benton.

The roads are now in fine condition. A few days more without rain will make them dusty.

The Athletic base ball club has made its appearance and is beating all games thus far played.

Theodore Heck has moved out of the Lightstreet hotel, and Mr. Fredrici has taken charge of it.

According to resolution of City Council the firemen of Wilkesbarre are allowed 50 cents an hour for their time during active service.

One of Mrs. Hess' good square meals, at the Exchange Hotel, Benton, must be enjoyed by anybody. If you don't believe it, try a few.

Hon. Samuel J. Randall will please accept our thanks for a copy of the act to reduce internal revenue taxation, recently passed by congress.

The Supreme Court has affirmed the finding of the Court below in the case of Abbott, et. al., vs The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

A large stock of silver-plated knives and forks, as low as two dollars a set, also casters, butter dishes, &c., at Bernhard's jewelry store.

Fires were started in ten of the furnaces in the puddling department of the Montour Iron & Steel Company at Danville on Monday morning.

The Wayne county Agricultural Society will hold its twenty-second annual fair on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 10, 11, and 12, 1883.

See our 20 cent boxes of writing paper and envelopes. They are of good quality with unique designs. Cheapest in town at the COLUMBIAN store.

J. A. Chapin has removed his harness shop at Benton to the building next door to J. J. McHenry's store. He has a fine stock of light and heavy harness on hand.

Wash. Bittenbender, who was well known in this county, died at Nanticoke on Saturday morning, April 7th. His death was brought about by repeated exposure.

The Shickshinny *Echo* entered upon its eleventh year last week. It will soon put in a steam engine to run its presses. The growth of the *Echo* has been rapid, and its success well deserved.

G. W. Bertsch has opened his store and displays an elegant line of cloth for suits, gents' furnishing goods, &c. He is an experienced cutter and guarantees fits. See his advertisement.

The people of Wilkesbarre are complaining at the scarcity of cheap dwelling houses. The capitalists are urged to erect small dwellings in the suburbs for the accommodation of laborers.

L. Gross has gone to Philadelphia and New York this week, where he will purchase a large stock of spring and summer clothing, gent's furnishing goods, hats, caps, &c., and will offer them for sale low than ever.

Prof. C. A. Bauer's lecture on Penmanship was very largely attended at the Third street school house on Tuesday evening. He is now instructing a large class. His specimens of writing exhibit the highest perfection in the art.

C. B. McHenry of Stillwater, will please accept our thanks for his hospitality, as well as for many valuable favors shown us while on a trip in that section this week.

Orangeville is one of our liveliest villages. Business is brisk there. It has enterprising business men, and in the matter of pretty homes there is no village in the county of the size that can compare with it.

Lumbermen take Notice! Parties having lumber, all kinds, and shingles to sell, will do well by calling on Lilly & Sleppy at Orangeville, Pa. They will pay the highest price in cash or merchandise for the above.

Electric light was introduced in the mines of the Big Mountain Colliery at Shenandoah on Saturday last. When the lights were first lit, the astonished mules, who had not seen light larger than a common miner's lamp for five years, became frightened and ran in the farthest parts of the mines trembling with fear.

Fine Spring Suitings
Fine Dress Suitings
Fine Trouserings
just arrived, call and examine the Custom Department of David Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

An organization for the manufacture of furniture is about to be effected in Shamokin. The company's capital is to be from $50,000 to $100,000. Leading towns are beginning to realize that it is not the part of wisdom to depend for support upon the coal interests alone. Mt. Carmel, however, seems to be perfectly satisfied with present attainments.—*Mt. Carmel News.*

Shenandoah claims a real ghost. It haunts the house of one Mr. David Williams. The ghost has been seen in and around the house on different occasions and has frightened many people. It may serve a good purpose in keeping the young people off the streets at night. If this alone is accomplished the ghost should be a welcome visitor.

Any person desiring to make a contract to peel the bark from 100 acres of Hemlock timber land in Sullivan county, should apply to the undersigned for terms and any further information. J. F. RINK.
4-6-3w Lightstreet Pa.

The *Montour American* comes out this week in a new dress. It is quite an improvement to the paper. The news in it also seems to be more entertaining. The editor, however, is in error in referring to the chapter on Madame Montour, on the first page, as being a subject little known of. If he will read Col. Freeze's History of Columbia county, he may gain almost the same knowledge.

The West Branch Susquehanna was about twelve feet above low water mark on Monday, and the lumbermen were running logs very rapidly. The water was at the proper height for floating logs and many were brought to the mills for the summer's sawing. This is encouraging news both for the builders as well as workmen. The West Branch planing mills ought to do a thriving business the coming year.

Rare Bargains in Fine Ready Made Clothing, grand arrival of Spring Styles.
We defy competition—We guarantee satisfaction. Elegant Suits for Little Boys. Substantial Suits for School. Stylish suits for Youths—call and be convinced that the best place to buy your Clothing is at the Popular Clothing Store of
David Lowenberg.

Mrs. Simon Shive died at her home on Friday morning, April 6th, at about three o'clock. She had been complaining for some time but had not been confined to bed. On Thursday morning she had a stroke of paralysis, and remained senseless until her death. She was a consistent christian woman, and a member of the M. E. church. Her age was 57 years and 7 months lacking one day. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon.

Bob Burdette was greeted on Friday night by one of the largest audiences ever gathered in the Opera House. His lecture, "The Rise and Fall of the Mustache" abounds in fun, and kept his hearers smiling and applauding throughout. His reference to Joseph Cook seemed to be especially appreciated. The success of the lecture course has been due to the active and intelligent management of the clergymen of this town, as well as the fortunate selection of speakers. The association should certainly give us another course next winter.

A complete assortment of the best American watches, both in hunting and open cases, warranted from two to five years, at L. Bernhard's jewelry store.

Among the industries of Benton, the large wagon factory of Appleman & McHenry stands prominent. They are young men of industry and energy, and about a year ago erected the large three story frame building now occupied by them. They are making heavy wagons, and have on hand six that are ready for the market. It is their intention soon to make light wagons also. Their work is all done by skilled mechanics, and the best of materials are used, so that they feel confident of giving satisfaction to their customers. Call and examine their wagons.

If you want a nice Spring Hat
The latest color and style call at
David Lowenberg's Popular Clothing Store.

The death of Dr. C. S. Harder occurred on Thursday, April 5th, at about noon. For some years he had been suffering from consumption, and only a few weeks ago took a trip South, in the hope of prolonging his life, but he grew worse and was obliged to return. The funeral was largely attended on Sunday afternoon. Ent Post G. A. R. and the Catawissa Post attended in a body in uniform, and the funeral ceremony of the Grand Army was used at the grave. Dr. Harder enlisted with the Iron Guards, and was discharged on surgeon's certificate February 3d, 1863. He practiced medicine at Rhoraburg for many years, and was considered an excellent physician, and a good citizen. He leaves a widow and four children.

Early cabbage plants, hardened to the cold, for sale at J. Garrison's, corner 5th and Centre Sts. 4-6 2-w

WHERE HAVE THEY GONE.—An exchange asks the following question: "About this season, twenty years ago, the banks of the Susquehanna resounded with the noise of the lumberman and raftsman. Where now are those stalwart sons of the woods? Gone where the woodbine twineth. A few stray rafts come along during a freshet, but they wander around loosely as if lost, and frequently get stuck on a bar or run against a rock. The old-time river pilot, with his wonderful tales of his hair-breadth escapes and dangerous experiences, is no more. If you watch the river the next few weeks you may see a few rafts, but they are only a few, and sad reminders that the lumber is gone and with it the hardy backwoodsmen.

M'Liss.

This play as rendered at the Opera House in this place, last Monday evening, was one of the most pleasing that we have witnessed for some time. It is a sensational drama in four acts, abounding in wit and humor. Miss Jennie Calef as *M'Liss*, and Mr. C. W. Charles as *Yaba Bill*, acted their parts admirably, and the support being good made the play a success. The audience was small but appreciative. Should this company ever visit us again they deserve and will no doubt have a full house.

Postal Information.

On Monday, April 9th, an order was issued from the Post Office Department, which says: "All letters upon which one full rate of postage has been prepaid and all postal cards shall be forwarded from the office to which they are addressed to any other office at the request of the person addressed, or of the party whose card may be upon the envelope or whose name may be signed to the postal card without additional charge of postage. Such forwarding must be continued until the party addressed is reached."

Telephone Connection.

The Telephone Company have completed a trunk line between Danville and Milton, connecting all the towns on the West Branch between Sunbury and Lock Haven, and expect in less than a month from this date to have trunk lines working through to Scranton, Hazleton, Shamokin, and all the towns in the anthracite coal region. A small extra charge is made for each conversation of five minutes over such lines. Benton ought to be included in the Bloomsburg district.

Burdette as a Fireman.

On Saturday morning about two o'clock the cry of fire was heard, and the cause was the burning of a smoke house on the rear of the lot of G. W. Sterner on Market street, occupied by J. S. Reitz. The Winona hose carriage was the first and only representative of the fire department on the ground, but its services were not needed. Among the half dozen men who pulled the carriage was Robert J. Burdette, the *Hawkeye* "funny man." Regardless of his dress suit he waded through the mud, yelled "Fire" and called for "more rope." He made many friends while here, by his affability and his exhaustless storehouse of funny stories.

Accounts Filed.

Accounts have been filed in the Register's office in the following estates since February court: Mary A. Fetterman, George Leiby, Thomas Kester, George Zarr, Elijah Summers, Peter Michael, David Sitler, Ephraim McHenry, Isaac Ikeler, Parvin Eves, Absalom McHenry, Martin Lunger, Jonas Hartzel, Michael Hower, Abraham Force, Walcott Harvey, Alexander Colley, Lydia E. Richard, John Stadon, James L. Preston, George Brecce Delilah Boone, Henry Kitchen, George Waters, John Baylor, David Demott, Harry W. Long, Hannah Lamon, Daniel Kreig, Bethana McMurtie, Samuel Oman, John Reinbold, Peter Appleman, Hiram R. Kline, John Earnest, Michael Lemon, Abraham Broadt, Mary C. Conner, John Sands, John Achenbach, Louis Foulk.

CHEAP RAILROD TICKETS TO THE WEST.—If you are going west buy your tickets of R. D. Darlington, agent, P. & R. Rupert station. He sells cheap tickets to all parts of the west and over the most desirable routes. Trains leave Rupert at 6:15 and 8:50 a. m., and 4:06 p. m. feb 16-3m

Money Found Through a Dream.

A citizen of Sugarloaf writes us of the recovery of quite a sum of money in the following peculiar manner.

Friday night March 23, the house of Mr. Bruce Sutliff of Sugarloaf township was burned and it was supposed that there were $585.00 in gold burnt with it as there was that amount in it at the time, which belonged to his brother W. D. Sutliff. The next day search was made for the supposed burnt money but no trace of it could be found. Then it was supposed it was stolen and the house burnt by the thief as there was no one at home on the night of the fire. The Sutliff brothers are not married and kept bachelor's hall.

On Friday night March 30, W. D. Sutliff dreamed where his money was and on Saturday morning in company with Mr. Fritz went to the spot, and after searching awhile found it hid in the stone wall, as he had dreamed.

No clue as to how it got there has been found.

The History.

The Danville *Intelligencer* says of the History of Columbia county: It is well and clearly written, and evidences much care and great labor in its preparation, and is calculated to afford all the information needed in relation to this important county. Some one hundred and fifty pages of the work is devoted to an exhaustive narrative and review of the invasion and armed occupation of the county. All the facts in connection with it are drawn from official sources, and Col. Freeze in enlarging on the subject has proved himself a faithful chronicler of one of the most momentous events that ever happened in old Columbia. Altogether, we commend this history to our readers, satisfied that they will feel gratified on its perusal. The book is well printed on heavy fine white paper and neatly bound by Elwell & Bittenbender, Publishers, Bloomsburg, Pa.

A prominent resident of Benton said a few days ago, "I would not take ten dollars for my History, if it could not be replaced."

Another one says: "The great speech of Judge Black is alone worth the price of the book."

All kinds of vendue notes kept at the COLUMBIAN office.

A Tragedy At Danville.

A dispatch from Danville, dated April 10th., gives the following account of a bad boy's act:

"A terrible tragedy was enacted this afternoon in this borough, and the actors in it were two boys named Thomas Trainer and Perry Gaskins. The one is but eight years old, the other eleven, and their deed is the more remarkable from the fact that the cause was of a trivial nature and the assault unprovoked. The boys were standing with several others on Centre street when Gaskins, whose reputation is very bad, told young Trainer to get out of his way. He failed to secure what he directed to be done, and pulling out a knife which he had stolen from his mother and secreted in his coat, he plunged it into the breast of Trainer, immediately below the heart. When he did his murderous act Gaskins utterd an oath and walked away. The wounded lad was at once taken to a neighboring drug store and an examination showed that the knife had come in contact with a rib. It was the only thing saved the victim of a boy's meaningless rage from instant death. Trainer is lying in a critical condition at his home and Gaskins had been arrested. The news of the deed spread like wild fire and excited crowds talked the occurrence over and eagerly drank in the frightful particulars.

Extraordinary Display of Precious Stones.

The finest display of diamonds, gem jewelry and precious stones generally which has been made in this city since the Centennial Exhibition—if indeed, it was then equaled in any single exhibit—is now to be seen at Bailey, Banks & Biddle's. The centre piece of the collection is a set of diamond jewelry, consisting of necklace, earrings and lace-pin, containing in all 210 large brilliants of the first quality, forty-eight of which are critically matched pairs. In the pendant of the necklace, mounted in exquisite taste is one stone of matchless fire and purity, weighing twelve carats. This set is valued at $45,000, and its surroundings are worthy of its value and magnificence. Upon a cushion are ten pairs of matched unmounted diamonds, worth $30,000, while near these on a tray are five little heaps of loose precious stones of various kinds, sorted according to color. In a bewildering variety of beautiful jewelry may be particularly noted a case of rings of colored gems mounted in combination with diamonds.

The collection includes, besides diamonds, rubies, sapphires, pearls of several hues, emeralds, opals, Alexandrites, jacinths, cats'-eyes, etc., and the value of the whole is over half a million dollars. The mountings are after special designs by Bailey, Banks & Biddle.—*Press.*

We have arranged to grind LEWIS' PURE WHITE LEAD IN CAMPBELL'S AND THAYER'S PURE LINSEED OIL, and are prepared to offer inducements in price to dealers and consumers. HENRY S. REAY,
3-2-3m Rupert Pa.

GRAFTON, Fillmore county, Neb.
April 3d, 1883.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

I left home in Columbia county, Pa., March 13th, 1883, with the intention of paying my many friends in the Western states a short visit. I arrived at South Bend, Indiana, on Tuesday, the 14th inst. Stopped off with my cousin, Maggie Locke, for five days, on account of not feeling well. Mr. Locke is a well-to-do farmer of Indiana. He accompanied me through the city and showed me all the places of note; we were shown through Studibaker Bro's wagon and carriage making shops—I will say just here it surpasses anything of the kind in the United States. The guide told me they averaged a wagon, from the rough, every six minutes the day through. I would advise people going West to call and see for themselves and they will be astonished. We then visited the Oliver Plough Factory, this was a grand sight too. They make one hundred ploughs per day.

I left South Bend on Monday, March 19th for Grafton, Neb., via. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Took breakfast at Burlington, Iowa, reached Pacific Junction and passed over the Missouri river into Plattsmouth, and arrived at Lincoln Tuesday evening and stayed all night at the St Charles house. Took the train Wednesday 1:30 p. m., and arrived at Grafton 4:30 p. m. Mr. H. N. Ammerman and wife met me at the station; he lives five miles north of Grafton, just across the county line of Fillmore in York county. Grafton is a thriving little village of about 300 inhabitants 56 miles from Lincoln on the B. & M. R. R. John Ash, who worked for John Zaner in Fishingcreek, was one of the first settlers in Fillmore county; he has seen some hard times since he first came here, but is now in tolerable circumstances; he has a wife and three children to make his home happy. This country is destined to make, if not already, the "Eden of the World"; products are a little backward on account of it being very cold here—which is something new for this time of year—but the weather has changed and farmers are very busy getting ready for planting, many of them having 75 acres for corn. I am stopping with H. N. Ammerman who left Fishingcreek 5 years ago, February 1877, he is a well-to-do farmer.

Eli Robbins.

EGGS! EGGS!!
For hatching. From pure-bred, high class Plymouth Rock, Dominique, Leghorn, B. B. R. Game, Golden and Silver Seabright Bantums, at $1.00 for 13 eggs.
3 50-4w GEO. W. STERNER.

We have received the first number of *The Illustrated World*, published in Philadelphia by James Elverson. It is a weekly pictorial paper similar in size and make-up to *Harper's Weekly*. It is devoted to Art and Literature, and its first appearance should insure success.

The *Republican* alleges that the COLUMBIAN has been on both sides of the Judicial apportionment bill. We cannot accuse the *Republican* of being on both sides of the question. It is too timid or too slow to express itself on either side.

In digging for foundation for a building near the Espy depot, last week, parts of a barrel were found, inside of which was dust and a set of false teeth. The staves of the barrel were entirely rotted away, but the teeth were as sound as when first made.

At a meeting of the Ent Post, G. A. R., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, We have learned, with deep regret, of the death of our comrade Dr. Charles S. Harder, and desire to express appropriately the feeling of the members of the Post in relation to the deceased and our deep sense of the loss which we have sustained in common with the community; therefore,

Resolved, That the members of Ent Post feel with deep sensibility the loss which they have sustained by the death of our comrade, Charles S. Harder.

Resolved, That by his faithful and patriotic service of his country in the army during her great struggle, his devotion and kindness to his comrades since the close of the war and his purity and Brightness of life, and the estimable qualities which belonged to him as a man, our deceased comrade has left behind him a reputation which will long live in the hearts of his comrades.

Resolved, That we tender to the family of our departed comrade the assurance of our profound sympathy in their great bereavement, and that a committee of three be appointed to communicate a copy of these proceedings to the family of the deceased and that they be entered among the records of the Post and published in the papers of the county.

CHARLES S. FORNWALD
B. F. SHARPLESS.
S. KNORR
Committee.

Use Caw's ink. It is the best. For sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

Helen Potter has been here before, and it is therefore unnecessary to tell the people of Bloomsburg of her merits. She will give one of her entertainments at the Opera House on the 14th. She impersonates John B. Gough, Fanny Kemble and T. Dewitt Talmage. The programme is interspersed with music. Secure seats now.

Paper Bags, all sizes, at the COLUMBIAN office.

The death of Miss Amanda Werkheiser occurred early on Monday morning last, quite unexpectedly. She was sick but a short time. The burial took place on Wednesday afternoon.

MARRIAGES

CLARK—STILES.—At the bride's father's, Mr. J. J. Stiles, April 6th 1883, by Rev. E. M. Chilcoat, Mr. William L. Clark of Berwick to Miss Maggie B. Stiles of Asbury, both of Columbia county, Pa.

HOYT—HARVEY.—At the office of Charles Gibbons J. P. John W. Hoyt of Benton Columbia county Pa., to Ida Harvey of Fairmount, Luzerne county Pa., on March 18th 1883.

LOCAL NOTICES.

More new dress silks at Lutz & Sloan's.

Strictly pure timothy seed, clover seed and large yellow seed corn—a car load of it for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. mar9-2m

For embroideries or white goods go to Lutz & Sloan's.

Remember that Lutz & Sloan's prices on Calicoes, Ginghams and Muslins are the very lowest.

Buy your table linens of Lutz & Sloan's.

Strictly pure Clover and Timothy seed, a car load of it for sale at Light Street by Silas Young. mar. 2-2m

Lutz & Sloan have a new stock of new styles of corsets. See them.

333½ nice white, thrifty shoats and pigs in weight from 20 lbs. 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 70, 75 lbs. apiece. All young hens, young roosters, old hens, turkeys, geese, ducks, lard, dried apples in the county wanted at Light Street, by Silas Young. mar9-2m

How much better bread tastes if it comes from Philadelphia so some of our citizen's think. They would *sneer* at the *appearance* of same kind, if baked in our town. J. F. Caldwell.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

I would call your attention to the following implements for sale by the undersigned: Kemp's patent manure spreader, Remington & Son's carbon metal plows, Advance chilled plows, Gale chilled plows, sulky plows, Cornell corn shellers, Centennial fanning mills, separators and powers, one and two horse corn planters with fertilizer arrangement, Deere & Co's. walking and riding corn cultivators, Buckeye walking and riding corn cultivators, Iron Age and Planet Junior one-horse cultivators with plow attachments, Walter A. Wood's reapers, mowers and self-binders, Warrior mowers and Bramer reapers, Tiger, Leader and Monitor hay rakes, Triumph and Monarch fertilizer grain drills, hay tedders and hay carriers, spring tooth drag harrows, spring tooth harrows on wheels, drag and smoothing harrows, chopping mills that will chop 10 bushels an hour with two horses, Baldwin's hay and stalk cutters, (hand and power,) C. & G. Cooper & Co's. steam engines and saw mills, brick moulding machines. Also Lister Bros' best bone fertilizers in the market. All goods sold at the lowest prices, and if not proven satisfactory can be returned.

S. C. SHIVE,
4-13 Bloomsburg.

THINK OF IT NOW!

Although much is said about the importance of a blood-purifying medicine, it may be possible that the subject has never seriously claimed your attention. *Think of it now!* Almost every person has some form of scrofulous poison latent in his veins. When this develops in **Scrofulous Sores, Ulcers, or Eruptions**, or in the form of **Rheumatism, or Organic Diseases**, the suffering that ensues is terrible. Hence the gratitude of those who discover, as thousands yearly do, that

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

will thoroughly eradicate this evil from the system.

As well expect life without air as health without pure blood. Cleanse the blood with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The man who knows nothing of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham and her sovereign remedy for women is wanted for a juryman. The fact clearly proves that he does not read the papers.—*N. H. Register.*

"BUCHUPAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

"In choosing allies, look to their power as well as to their will to aid you." In choosing a remedy for bowel, liver and kidney diseases, try Kidney-Wort, and you will never regret it. If you are subject to ague you must be sure to keep your liver, bowels and kidneys in good free condition. When so, you will be safe from all attacks.

CONCORD GRAPE VINES.

Fine, vigorous Vines, Two, three and Four Years' Old, for sale by the dozen or thousand at the lowest prices.

These Vines are raised on the famous Mt. Prospect Vineyards, at Passaic, N. J., where the well-known Port Grape Wine is produced that is so highly esteemed at Dresden and Berlin, and other European Cities to which it is shipped, and that is so highly esteemed by physicians everywhere. Address, ALFRED SPEER,
Jan. 26, '83-3m. Passaic, N. J.

Dresses, cloaks, coats, stockings and all garments can be colored successfully with the Diamond Dyes. Fashionable colors. Only 10c.

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence sexual Debility.

New Bern, N. C.—Rev. G. W. Offley says: "I have taken Brown's Iron Bitters and consider it one of the best medicines known."

DR. MOTT'S ENDORSEMENT OF SPEER'S PORT WINE.

The celebrated Dr. Mott, of New York, speaks wonders for Mr. Speer's efforts to raise the Oporto or Port Grape Wine in New Jersey. The doctor has spent years in Portugal and the wine districts of France, and knows what he is talking about Read it.

62 Madison Avenue, New York.

Mr. Alfred Speer.—Dear Sir: The visit which I made last year to your vineyards, wine-presses and vaults at Passaic, N. J., satisfies me thoroughly that the wines produced by you are pure and unadulterated, and the very best that can be offered to the public for medicinal uses.

Acting upon my favorable impression at the time, I have since recommended the Port Wine; more particularly in my practice, and am satisfied with marked benefit to my patients.

There can be no better proof to the doubting mind, as to the wine being made of the finest Oporto grape, than a visit to your acres of land covered with the vine bearing the luxuriant fruit.

Wishing you success in your praiseworthy enterprise,

I remain respectfully yours,
Alex B. Mott, M. D.,
Prof. of Surgery, Bellevue Hospital Medical College, &c., &c.,

Rock Hill, S. C.—Rev. J. S. White, says: "I used Brown's Iron Bitters for general debility. It restored me to strength and vigor."

ALMOST INSANE AND CURED.

"Most of the eminent doctors in the East, as well as several of the medical faculty in New York city," writes Rev. P. P. Shirly, of Chicago, "failed to help our daughter's epilepsy, which began to show signs of turning into insanity. By the good providence of God we tried *Samaritan Nervine*, and it cured her." Your druggis keeps it. $1.50.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

Hall's Hair Renewer renews, cleanses, brightens, and invigorates the hair, and restores faded or gray hair to its youthful color and lustre. People with gray hair prefer to use the Renewer, rather than proclaim to the world, by their bleached locks, that they are becoming aged, and passing on to decay.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by J. H. Kinports.
may 12-eow.

Remarkable for overcoming diseases caused by impure water, decaying vegetation, etc., is Brown's Iron Bitters.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, diptheria, canker mouth and headache in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.
may 12-eow.

OH, WHAT A COUGH!

Will you heed the warning. The Signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cts., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup, and Whooping Cough, at once. Mothers do not be without it. For lame back, side, or chest, use Shiloh's Porus Plaster. Sold by J. H. Kinports.
may 12-eow.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
ALSO
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in his building opposite Court House, 2nd floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. apr 13 '83

JUST OPENED
A NEW
MERCHANT TAILORING
AND
Gents' Furnishing Goods'
STORE,
IN
Knorr & Wintersteen's Building
Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG,
next door to the First National Bank, where I am prepared to
MAKE TO ORDER
FIRST CLASS SUITS
OF
CLOTHING
from $18.00 and upwards.
Fits Guaranteed.
G. W. Bertsch.
April 13-1yr.

FOR SALE
AT
DILLON'S
GREEN HOUSES,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
20,000 BEDDING PLANTS.
Consisting of hundreds of varieties of the choicest Zonals, Geraniums, Verbenas, Coleus, Heliotrope, etc., etc.

Vegetable Plants
We are making a specialty. Early Cabbage plants (hardened) Pot Grown Tomato Plants and Sweet Potato Plants by the thousand. Late Cabbage by hundreds of thousands.

50,000 Strawberry Plants
of the best varieties also Red and Black Cap Raspberries, Rhubarb, Asparagus plants, &c. We have shipped plants to every State in the Union.

CUT FLOWERS
consisting of Rose Buds, Carnations, Violets, Heliotrope, Callias, etc., etc., always on hand. Flowers for weddings and parties, Bouquets Baskets of flowers, funeral designs of all descriptions put up at short notice. We pack so as to travel one to two days and guarantee satisfaction.

SEEDS.
At the request of many of our customers I will this season offer a full line of garden seeds. Fifteen years experience at market gardening enables me to offer the best seeds for this section. All I offer I am sure will give satisfaction. They are the best varieties and sure to grow.
We have four large green houses, also cold beds and hot beds containing nearly 400 feet of glass, situated on Main street, above the Normal School (large building.)
This advertisement is too small to mention all we have for sale. Call on us or write to us for what you want and see if we cannot supply you.
J. L. DILLON, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

The undersigned administrator of Benjamin Lindenmuth, late of Conyngham township, Columbia county, Pa., will expose to public sale on the premises in Conyngham township, on

SATURDAY May 5th 1883.

at 10 o'clock, a. m., all that certain real estate in said township, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone in line of land belonging to the City of Philadelphia and running thence along line of land of Jeremiah Lindenmuth south seventy-seven degrees, east thirty-five perches to a stone, thence by the same north one-half degrees east seventy-seven perches to a stone, thence by land of heirs of John Lindenmuth south seventy-seven degrees, west seventy-five perches to a stone and thence by land belonging to the City of Philadelphia south twenty-five degrees, east eighty perches to the place of beginning. Containing

26 ACRES,

and one hundred and thirty perches, with the appurtenances.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deed.

ISAAC LINDENMUTH,
April 13th. Administrator.

PARSONS'
Purgative
PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from one to twelve weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. Send for pamphlet. I. S. JOHNSON & CO, Boston, Mass. apr 13

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JEREMIAH HAGENBUCH, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary in the estate of Jeremiah Hagenbuch, late of Centre township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Elisha Hagenbuch and J. S. Hagenbuch. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the same to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

ELISHA HAGENBUCH, } Executors.
J. S. HAGENBUCH, }
4-13 April 11, '83 Lightstreet, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, MAY 7, 2 p m 1883.

The undivided half of all that certain tract of land situate in Pine township in the county of Columbia, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Northwardly by lands of John Fowler and R. F. Whitmoyer, Eastwardly by lands of Thomas Benfield and others, Southwardly by lands of Hiram Shultz and others and Westwardly by lands of Solomon Dirk and others, containing three hundred and seventy acres, more or less, whereon are erected a saw-mill and a frame dwelling house.

Seized taken into execution and to be sold as the property of John Leggott at the suit of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg.

Little atty. Vend. Ex.

ALSO

All that piece or parcel of land situate in Beaver township Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, and known as Glen City, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the West by Walnut street, on the South by First street, on the East by Charles street, and on the North by Sixth street according to the general plan of said Glen City. Excepting lots heretofore sold as follows, to wit: Nos. 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 in Block No. 1; Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, & 6 in Block No. 2; Nos. 4, 10, 11 & 12 in Block No. 3; Nos. 1 & 2 in Block No. 4; Nos. 6 & 7 in Block No. 5; Nos. 1, 2, 7, 10 & 11 in Block No. 11; Nos. 1, 2 & 3 in Block No. 21; Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10 in Block No. 31; Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 in Block No. 33; Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10 in Block No. 41; Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 in Block No. 42; and Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 in Block No. 43, said lots designated by number and Block according to the Town plot of said Glen City.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of C. R. Barnes and Almira A. Barnes at the suit of Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association.

Little and Miller atty's. Lev. Fa.

ALSO

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Main township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a pine in original line of Elijah Weed, thence by land of Lewis Kolb, north forty-one degrees, east five and three-tenth perches to a stone; thence by land of Abraham Knecht, south eighty-nine degrees, west sixteen and one-half perches; thence by land of Amos Ilttenhouse, south forty-four degrees, west two perches; thence south eighty-eight and a quarter degrees, west seventeen perches; thence south twenty-two and three-quarter degrees, east thirty perches to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred and thirty-eight square perches of land on which are erected a two story frame house, a stable and outbuildings.

ALSO

The undivided half interest in all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land situate in Beaver township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a chestnut, thence by other land of Nathan B

A Ghost Story.

I am an old farmer, living in the oldest house in Oldtown. The only thing new upon the place is my well. We have an ancient well, but no one ever tastes the water there, though it is as cold and clear as crystal. I suppose the place is worth a great deal. It was valued at twenty thousand dollars when I bought it years ago. The house is a handsome mansion—the sort of a place a gentleman retiring from business usually buys to end his days in, and city people come to see it and the grounds, and seem to be delighted. Now, when I tell you that I came to Oldtown with exactly six hundred dollars in my pocket, and that I had no idea what I should do when that was spent, you will feel surprised that, six months after, I owned this place. But I'll tell you all about it.

It was what folks call a haunted place, and for ten years it stood vacant. People tried to live there, but were always frightened away. If it had been only the house, that could have been torn down; but nobody could ever farm the land. Twelve years before this, the proprietor had been a jealous old man, who had a young wife, whom he would never permit out of his sight if he could avoid it. However, she was as sly as he was watchful, and she managed to flirt sufficiently to make herself talked about.

Being very pretty, two silly young fellows fell in love with her, and one used to follow her about, making eyes and sighing dreadfully, like a lover in a play. The postmistress said he wrote to her—and I suppose he did. And at last the news spread through the place that she had run away with him. He was gone, and she was gone; and the old man came one morning to Lawyer Tantivy, and sold his property, at a great loss, to a man who had wanted it for years—a rich man, who liked to have it said that he owned the finest place in Oldtown. It was plain that the poor gentleman did not care what became of himself; and when he had got the money he wandered away, and was never seen again.

The new protector moved up to the great house in the state; but at dawn the whole family—servants and all—returned to their old quarters. What they had seen or what they had not seen, it was hard to tell, but they were all nearly frightened to death. The doctor was sent for for the ladies, and they spoke of the most awful apparitions. After this, the head of the family and three constables, from the little market town, spent a day and a night there. They held their tongues; but those who saw them next day knew they had been well frightened, and the man put the place into the market at once.

Lawyer Tantivy privately told people that only a coward would have been frightened by rats in an old wall, and he sold the property to a city man. Much the same thing happened, but the house was not sold again. The city man went elsewhere, and tried in vain to get rid of his bargain. It was left for the summer once, but the people did not stay a week. After a while nobody would farm the ground. Some say they saw a woman with her throat cut; some that they saw a man with a wound in his breast; some both. Voices were heard; hands were felt; and there, when I came to the place, the old house stood, with moths and spiders for its only tenants.

I went up and looked at it and then I talked to Jane. She had not a bit of superstition in her, and she agreed to what I proposed. I went to old Tantivy and offered him a hundred a year for a five years' lease of the place, the five hundred to be paid in one sum. "After that," said I, "I'll give you two thousand for the property. Wife and I are not afraid of ghosts." The old lawyer shook his head. "You say you've met with losses," said he, "and have just six hundred dollars left? Keep it. You couldn't live in that house one week. I've tried it. I'd make a bargain with a rich man, but I'm not rascal enough to take a poor man's all." "I risk it," said I. "I do it freely, but the papers must be made out fair and square—two thousand after my five years' lease." And so I had my way.

Jane and I went up to the house next day. It was a wonderful, grand, dirty old place. We set to work to clean it—to drive out the insects and the rats; and we got some fresh straw to sleep on, for the beds were all molding away. That night at nine we lay down, with a lamp burning, and went to sleep like two tops; and I think it must have been twelve o'clock, or nigh to it, when Jane shook me violently. I started up, and holding each other's hands, we both saw what had frightened her. A man stood near the bed, a young man, with fair hair curling about his temples; his breast was bare, and we saw a great bleeding wound there, I had my pistol under my pillow, and I drew it out and looked at him.

"Away you go, or I fire," I said; "I'm not a fool to be tricked in this way." Instead of obeying, he slowly moved towards the bed. Jane shrieked, and drew the counterpane over her head. I covered him with my pistol. "One step more and I fire," I said. He took the step. I fired. A shriek of laughter followed, and there was no one there. I arose and searched the place. Every window was barred, every door locked. I unlocked one of the doors, and entered the adjoining room.

A great bed, with tester and canopy, stood there, and upon this lay the figure of a woman all in white, covered with blood. I rushed towards it, lamp in hand. Again those hollow shrieks of laughter, and nothing but the stained and yellow ticking of an old feather bed lay under the canopy.

"Luke! Luke!" screamed my wife, who had followed me, clinging to my arm. "It is all true. Let us leave the place."

"Jane," said I, "it seems to be true that this place is haunted, but we have risked our all on it. The things we have seen have not hurt us, and I propose to drive them away. I'll take you to the village, if you like, and leave you there to live, but here I stay till I beat those ghosts."

"Not alone," said Jane; and she did not leave me. If you believe me, day and night for three weeks we were haunted as people never were before—faces, voices, hands—in the house or in field; and worse than all, we grew ill. I sent for the doctor, who wouldn't come, and we went to him.

"You are poisoned," he said. "What have you eaten, or what have you been drinking. We thought it over, and I told him we knew of nothing harmful, and that we cooked and prepared our own food.

"I never knew any one to pass a day at that confounded house you live in without being affected in this way," said he; even those who did not eat there. "Constable Collins says he touched nothing but cold water, and he came to me near dying."

"It's the well, then," said I.

"They used to call it the best well in the country," said the doctor.

"It has a nasty taste now," said I "I'll beg water from my neighbor until I've cleaned it out."

And that day I began. We got better slowly, and I tried to hire two farm laborers to help me with my well. Not one would come. I was almost tired of living as I did and feeling like a maniac: and one day I went to the well, and sat there, wondering whether it might not be best to give up and go somewhere as a farm laborer, when I felt what seemed to be an icy hand on my head, and looking up saw my two ghosts, side by side. They were horrible enough, I can tell you, and they looked at me and pointed into the well; and then I heard two voices crying:

"Get us out! Get us out! Get us out and bury us! The water is cold, and our wounds are deep. Get us out!"

And then the truth came to me, goodness knows how. I was just able to crawl over to my neighbor's house, and I said to him:

"Mr. Jarvis, will you send one of your men to the authorities and have the police sent up to my place? There's something in my well that ought not to be there."

Well, they came, and I was right. They took out of that well two bodies rolled up in sheet lead. By bits of jewelry, and things of that sort, they found out that they were the bodies of the young wife of the old proprietor and the young man who used to run after her. The old man had killed them both, but he must have had help to bury them in their leaden coffins.

And now people began to remember how two plumbers, who had a good deal of this sheet lead in their shop, grew suddenly well off, and went from the place about the time the old man sold the estate, and they believed that he had paid them for helping him to dispose of the bodies.

They were buried in the graveyard and Jane and I never saw the ghosts again. The farm land and summer visitors brought me the price I had agreed upon for the place, and I've been a prosperous man ever since.

Iron Men in Council.

The iron manufacturers of the West have quietly prepared a great surprise for their employees and the public in general. Heretofore, when the time drew near for the annual adjustment of wages in the mills, the manufacturers quietly awaited the demands of the workmen, then held a meeting and decided whether to accept or reject them. This year the manufacturers have repeatedly within the past two months declared that instead of wages being adjusted, as usual, they would have to be subjected to a complete readjustment, and that on a basis lower than has been paid since the close of the great strike. They also determined to take the initiative instead of awaiting the result of the deliberations of the workmen. In pursuance of this policy three or four well known representatives of the iron trade have visited the headquarters of the Western Iron Association in Pittsburg two or three times a week during the past month, but their work has been done in secret. On Thursday, April 5th, the names of iron manufacturers doing business in Cleveland, Cincinnati, Wheeling, Covington, Chicago, St. Louis and other Western cities appeared on the hotel registers. At about 10 o'clock these men entered the rooms of the Western Iron Association, and the doors were closed to outsiders. They were not opened until 1½ p. m. An annual meeting of the Western Iron Association was held, but its business did not consume much time. When it was finished a meeting of the association organized during the great strike last year was held. The business considered was the wages to be paid next year. The men who had been meeting so mysteriously at the rooms of the association presented a revision of the scales of the present year, and this was discussed, and, after some minor changes, adopted as the basis on which the manufacturers will stand. The exact figures of the manufacturers' scale could not be ascertained, but it was learned without doubt that it proposes a reduction in wages from 10 to 20 per cent. The reduction takes in the whole list of mill workmen, puddlers as well as finishers coming in for their share. It is made necessary, the manufacturers say, by the condition of trade and the reduction of the tariff, and will not be diverted from.

Advice to a Boy.

Get away from the crowd a little while every day, my dear boy. Stand one side and let the world run by while you get acquainted with yourself; and see what kind of a fellow you are. Ask yourself hard questions about yourself. Ascertain from original sources if you are really the manner of man people say you are; find out if you are always honest; if you always tell the square perfect truth in business deals; if your life is as good and upright at eleven o'clock at night as it is at noon; if you are as good a temperance man on a fishing excursion as you are at a Sunday-school picnic; if you are as good a boy when you go to Chicago as you are at home; if, in short, you really are the sort of young man your father hopes you are, your mother says you are, and your sweetheart believes you are. Get on intimate terms with yourself, my boy, and believe me, every time you come out from one of these private interviews you be will be a stronger, better, purer man. Don't forget this, Telemachus, and it will do you good.—*Hawkeye.*

CARROT CULTURE.—A Boston paper says that in the town of Danvers, Mass., the raising of carrots on an extensive scale has for years been quite a business. After years of experimenting says Jas. J. H. Gregory, they settled upon a variety which originated among them, known in their locality as the Danvers carrot. It is in form about midway between the Long Orange and Short Horn class, growing generally with a stump root. Under their cultivation they raise from twenty to thirty tons to the acre, and at times even larger crops.

THE MISTLETOE.—The cultivation of this singular parasitic shrub for ornamental purposes is recommended in foreign papers, and young trees with mistletoe growing on them are offered for sale in English nurseries. It is generally found on branches of apple trees, but is not very particular in this respect, and takes its habitation also on different other trees. It may be raised from seed placed in the crevices of the bark of young, healthy branches; or it may be propagated by grafting; in which case a portion of the bark of the tree from which it is taken has to be cut with the piece, and firmly secured to the new position.—*American Garden.*

Curiosities of the Census Tables.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* thinks that the census report is no better than it should be, but it nevertheless furnishes some valuable information and affords curious subjects for reflection. It has been very expensive and exceedingly dilatory, but coming along as it has in installments the better opportunity has been given to study it in detail. A writer in the Washington *Post* has been giving attention to the comparative figures it presents, and he has been enabled to draw some surprising as well as interesting deductions from the analysis.

The net production of the country, according to this investigator, was at the time the enumeration occurred, $7,422,287,398. Of this vast sum an equal division, without regard to capital, would make $148 a head or about $740 to each family. The total number of persons classified as having occupations aggregates 17,505,099. This embraces all ages and sexes and includes traders, bankers, the professions, artizans and laborers of all kinds. Of this number 4,225,945 are farmers, 3,323,876 farm laborers, 2,738,895 manufacturing employes and 500,000 are employed in mines, quarries, factories and petroleum development. They represent 6,800,000 families, 34,000,000 of the population and earn $3,391,710,672.

In trade and transportation enterprises there are employed 1,200,000 persons. Under this classification is included merchants and bankers and it is credited a total production of $480,000,000. Another class is made to represent domestic servants of whom there are 1,076,655 and laborers not otherwise classified of whom there are 1,859,229, the combined proceeds of whose effort is estimated at $560,000,000. There are 227,000 teachers whose total earnings at $400 each aggregate $90,800,000, and 600,000 mechanics whose skilled labor at an average of $500 to each, reaches a total of $300,000,000. These four classes represent 2,200,000 families, and 11,000,000 souls. Thus in the various classifications enumerated all except 1,000,000 families and 5,000,000 of the population are accounted for and the products except the net profits of all classes of labor and enterprise which is grouped in the difference between the figures given and the grand total amounting to $5,600,000,000, which is an average gain of 3.65 per cent. a year.

TO CLEAN A SILK DRESS.—Take six tablespoonfuls of the best soft soap, or four tablespoonfuls of yellow bar soap scraped into thin shavings with a sharp knife, and dissolve it in just enough boiling water to melt it, four tablespoonfuls of honey, half a pint of alcohol and half a pint of hot water. Beat all to a froth and spread the breadths of the dress, one at a time, upon a sheet, and with a sponge dipped into the mixture rub it over the silk, taking care to mark the soiled places before it is all wetted, so they can have an extra rubbing. Dip each breadth into cold water as soon as it is cleansed, sousing it up and down in the water, so as to take out all the soapsuds, but do not wring it out or crese it in the hands. Shake and snap the silk to clear it from the water, and hang it out doors till it is partly dry, then roll it into a towel or sheet. Proceed in this way till all parts of the dress are cleansed and partly dried, and iron them on the wrong side of the silk, or over a newspaper, till perfectly dry.

CROPS WITH SPECIAL FERTILIZERS.—Writing to the N. H. *Mirror and Farmer*, M. S. Dean says: "In 1881 I had a piece of run out intervale land that did not pay for mowing. After I had used my manure all up, I thought I would try some guano. So I measured off three acres and plowed it and put my Randall harrow on it and cut the sods up fine. Then I sowed on twelve bushels of oats and harrowed them in. Then I sowed on 1000 pounds of guano and stocked it down. The oats came up in due time, and grew to be a good crop of straw, and filled well and stood up well till ripe. When I came to thresh them they yielded me 50 bushels to the acre, and last season I got a very good crop of hay. I do not know how it will hold out, but I think it paid me."

ABOUT GARDEN SEEDS.—An Ohio farmer says one cause of complaint made by purchaser of garden seeds is due to their own great ignorance in planting and caring for the seeds. Lima beans are planted with early peas, the peas come up but the beans are chilled and don't, but the seedsman gets the blame charged to him just the same. Sometimes the soil is not in proper condition; some times it crusts after a rain, and the tender shoots cannot force their way through it; sometimes the soil is not firmed and the germ died from want of moisture.

A HINT FOR ONION GROWERS.—It is said that the very small onions used for pickles are raised in England and imported by the owners of our pickling establishments. The plan followed by English market-gardens is to sow onion seed very thickly on a bed of poor soil, where the plants do not grow thrifty, but produce very small bulbs, many of them no larger than a hazelnut.

In a crowded railway car. First traveller—"I say, do open that window, or I'll suffocate." Second traveller—"Don't you open that window, or it'll give me an attack of pneumonia." First traveller—"That makes no difference. If you have pneumonia you won't have it for a week; whereas, if I am suffocated, I'll be suffocated now. Open that window."

KEEP SHEEP.—Some one truthfully says that sheep yield a secure annual income. A flock of sheep, like the more popular form of securities, yields a semi-annual return to the fortunate holder. During the spring months he clips his fleecy coupons. A few months later another handsome return is made in the lamb crop, either turned into cash or into stock.

OF ANOTHER AGE.

Gradually Supplanted by a Better Article, Certain old things are Done away.

In the general reception room of the Western Union Telegraph building on Broadway, New York are exhibited the coarse, crude and clumsy instruments of the infancy of the telegraph. They are only relics now. More perfect machinery has superseded them.

Years ago what is now styled the old-fashioned porous plaster did some good service. There was then nothing better of the kind. Now all that is changed. Science and study have gone deeper into the secrets of medicine and produced BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER, which embodies all the excellencies thus far possible in an external remedy. The old plasters were slow—the Capcine is rapid; they were uncertain—the Capcine is sure. Cheaper articles bear similar names. Be careful, therefore, that some thrifty druggist does not deceive you. In the centre of the genuine is cut the word CAPCINE. Price 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.

mar 23-4W d

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This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy *imitated* is of the highest value.

As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B.

Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously cunningly devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures, no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits.

Beware of them. Touch none of them, but: Use nothing but genuine Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label. Trust nothing else. Druggists and dealers are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits. (5)

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Jan-es, '82-1y

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION AND NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE.

In effect January 15th, 1883. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.35 a. m.—Lock Haven Express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 2.00 p. m.; New York, 6.35 p. m.; Baltimore, 5.05 p. m.; Washington 6.40 p. m.

1.35 p. m.—Day express for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.25 p. m.; New York 6.20 a. m. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

5.05 a. m.—Erie Mail for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 7.55 a. m.; New York, 11.20 a. m.; Baltimore 7.40 a. m.; Washington, 9.10 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD,

6.25 a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

For Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman Palace car and passenger coaches through to Rochester.

1.20 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane. For Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through parlor car to Watkins and through passenger coaches to Rochester.

5.35 p. m.—Fast line for Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Lock Haven and Watkins.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves New York, 5.15 a. m.; Philadelphia, 8.00 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1.30 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 8.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.05 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., arriving at Sunbury, 5.20 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 9.50 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 6.20 a. m., with through Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKES-BARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH & WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

Mail East leaves Sunbury 6.45 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 8.45 a. m., Wilkes-barre 9.20 a. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.31 p. m., Wilkes-barre 8.10 p. m.

Mail West leaves Wilkes-barre 10.30 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.08 p. m., Sunbury 1.05 p. m.

Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 5.30 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 7.07 p. m., Sunbury 8.05 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

June 26, 1882.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 4 46 and 7,00 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,15 8,50 a. m. and 4,46 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, via. Tamaqua 9,00 a. m. and via. Bound Brook Route 7,45 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, 9,45 a. m.

Leave Reading, 11,55 a. m., Pottsville, 12,30 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,25 p. m.

Leave Catawissa, 6,10 8,50 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

Leave Williamsport, 9,45 a. m, 2,00 p. m. and 4,30 p. m

Passengers to and from New York, via. Tamaqua and to and from Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Jan. 19, 1881—tf.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 15	2 49	9 45	.....Scranton.....	9 30	2 10	6 17
9 09			.....Bellevue.....			6 22
9 03		9 37	.....Taylorville.....	9 45	20	6 27
8 56		9 30	.....Lackawanna.....	9 52	27	6 34
8 48		9 24	.....Pittston.....	9 58	34	6 41
8 42		9 19	.....West Pittston.....	10 03	39	6 46
8 37		9 14	.....Wyoming.....	10 18	44	6 51
			.....Maltby.....			6 55
			.....Bennett.....			6 58
8 25	60	9 04	.....Kingston.....	10 18	54	7 02
8 25	1 50	9 06	.....Kingston.....	10 18	2 54	7 10
	1 42		Plymouth Junc			7 15
8 16	1 25	8 56	.....Plymouth.....	10 26	3 02	7 27
	1 25		.....Avondale.....		3 06	7 10
8 07	1 18	8 47	.....Nanticoke.....	10 34	3 10	7 37
8 00	1 03	8 39	Hunlock's Creek	10 42	3 18	8 00
7 46	12 46	8 25	.....Shickshinny.....	10 55	3 33	8 25
7 35	12 35	8 17	.....Hick's Ferry.....	11 07	3 45	8 40
7 26	12 15	8 19	.....Beach Haven.....	11 18	3 51	8 50
7 20	12 00	8 00	.....Berwick.....	11